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NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD





ANNUAL REVIEW OF AIRCRAFT ACCIDENT DATA

U.S. AIR CARRIER OPERATIONS
CALENDAR YEAR 1981



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16.Abstract

This publication presents the record of aviation accidents involving revenue operations of U.S. Air Carriers for calendar year 1981. Accidents involving Commuter Air Carriers and On Demand Air Taxis are included in this publication. In 1979 and prior years, these accidents were reported in annual reviews of general aviation accidents.

The report is divided into two sections, according to the federal regulations under which the flight was conducted—14 CFR 121 or 14 CFR 135. For 14 CFR 135 accidents, the report is divided further by the type of service provided - scheduled or nonscheduled. In each section of the report, tables are presented to describe the losses and characteristics of 1981 accidents to enable comparison with prior years.

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INTRODUCTION

This report presents a compilation and statistical review of accidents which occurred in 1981, involving operations under 14 CFR 121 (and 14 CFR 127 for helicopters), or 14 CFR 135. Briefs of the accidents reviewed in this report can be found in "Briefs of U.S. Air Carrier Accidents - Calendar Year 1981," NTSB/ARC-85/03. As in the 1980 report, only accidents occurring during the revenue operations of air carriers and commercial operators of large aircraft are reported in this document. Those accidents occurring during non-revenue operations (e.g. training, ferrying) are reported in the Safety Board's annual review of general aviation accidents.

Accident data upon which this review is based have been extracted from the Safety Board's automated Aviation Accident System. It should be noted that the accident records contained in that system do not explicitly report the federal regulation under which each operation was being conducted at the time an accident occurred. The applicable regulation was determined from other information contained in the system, and in some cases, from a review of the accident docket.

Exposure data (flight hours, miles, and departures) used to compute accident rates for Part 121 and scheduled Part 135 operations were obtained from the Civil Aeronautics Board (CAB). Flight hours for non-scheduled Part 135 operations were estimated from data obtained by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) in its general aviation activity surveys.

This report is divided into two major sections: 14 CFR 121 accidents, and 14 CFR 135 accidents. The 14 CFR 135 section is further divided into two subsections, scheduled and nonscheduled operations. For each of these three accident categories, three general types of information are presented. The Summary of Losses gives an overview of accidents, consequences, and rates for 1981, 1980, and 1979. The Detailed Review presents tabulations of a number of accident and aircraft parameters for 1981 accidents. The Historical Comparison presents data for 1981 and for the 6-year period 1975 through 1980.

It should be noted that in many of the tables presented in this report (such as in Table 4), the number of accidents in a given category is small, and even a small change in the number of accidents would result in a significant change in the accident rate. Therefore, caution should be exercised in the use of these rates. Similarly, care should be taken in comparing numbers and percentages of accidents between two time periods when the number of accidents is small. The reader should avoid placing undue significance upon a change which may be due primarily to chance.

14 CFR 121

In 1981, U.S. air carriers were involved in 26 accidents while operating under 14 CFR 121. Although four of these accidents resulted in fatalities, none of them involved an airplane crash; one passenger fell off of a mobile airstair; a flight attendant was crushed in a galley elevator; and a mechanic and a ground crewman were killed in separate ground accidents. The six accidents which involved encounters with turbulence, resulted in serious injuries.

SUMMARY OF LOSSES

Degree of injury, number of fatalities, and extent of aircraft damage are presented in Table 1 for 1981 and the two preceding years. There were slightly more accidents in 1981 than in 1980, however the number of fatalities still was substantially fewer than in 1979.

Table 1 - SUMMARY OF LOSSES

Accidents	1981	1980	1979
Fatal Involved Serious Injury Involved Minor or No Injury	11 11	1 11 7	5 9 <u>15</u>
Total	26	19	29
<u>Fatalities</u>			
Passenger Crew Other Persons	1 1 2	0 0 1	323 28 <u>3</u>
Total	14	1	354
Aircraft Damage (14 CFR 121)			
Destroyed Substantial Minor None	1 12 1 12	9 2 6	6 16 0 8
Total	26	19	30
Aircraft Damage (Other)*			
Destroyed Substantial	0	0 _1	1
Total	0	1	1

^{*} Other aircraft are those aircraft not operated under 14 CFR 121 that were involved in on-ground or in-flight collisions with aircraft operated under 14 CFR 121.

Three measures of activity under 14 CFR 121 (miles, hours, and departures flown) and accident rates computed using each, are presented in Table 2 for 1981, 1980, and 1979. In all three activity categories, 1981 shows a decrease to levels below those in 1979.

Table 2 - ACCIDENT RATES

	1981	1980	1979
Aircraft Miles Flown (Thousands)	2,798,575	2,924,234	2,922,226
Aircraft Hours Flown	6,810,255	7,067,468	7,038,059
Departures Flown	5,329,049	5,479,452	5,532,202
Accident Rates		·	
Per Million Miles Flown	0.0093	0.0065	0.0099
Per Hundred Thousand Hours Flown	0.382	0.269	0.412
Per Hundred Thousand Departures Flown	0.488	0.347	0.524
Fatal Accident Rates			
Per Million Miles Flown Per Hundred Thousand Hours Flown Per Hundred Thousand Departures Flown	0.0014	0.0003	0.0017
	0.059	0.014	0.071
	0.075	0.018	0.090

DETAILED REVIEW

The 1981 accidents which occurred during operations under 14 CFR 121 are described in Table 3. The remainder of this subsection presents tabulations of the operational factors, losses, environmental conditions, and causes of these accidents.

Type of Accident	Collision with Ground/Water - Controlled	Gear Hetracted	Mechanic Killed by Landing Gear Door	Turbulence	Collision with Other	Passenger Fell From Jetway	Wheels-up Landing	Turbulence	Bird Strike	Turbulence	Ground Creeman Run Over During Pushback	Ground Crewman Caught in Landing Gear Door	Turbulence	Turbulence	Struck by Ground Power Unit	Engine Failure or Malfunction	Collision with Other	Fire or Explosion on Ground	Passenger Fell From Airstair	Flight Attendant Crushed by Galley Lift	Engine Pailure or Malfunction	Engine Pailure or Malfunction	Collision with Automobile	Flight Attendant Well From Jet Bridge	Turbulence	Ground-Water Loop-Swerve
legree of Injury	None	Minor	Fatal (1)	Sertous	None	Sertous	Sertous	Sertous	None	Serious	Fatal (1)	Serious	Sertous	Serious	Serious	Minor	None	None	Patal (1)	Fatal (1)	None	None	None	Sertous	Serious	None
Alreraft Damage	Substantial	Substantial	None	None	Substantial	None	Destroyed	Minor	Substantial	None	None	None	None	None	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial	None	None	Substantial	Substantlai	Substantial	None	2	Substantial
Aci't Type	DC-6A	B-727	A 300	B-737	147-81	B-727	B-737	00-10	YS-11A	6-30	DC-10	B-707	B-727	BAC 1-11	6-20	B-727	HS-748	1-385	DC-10	DC-10	DC-10	L-1011	8-727	B-727	B-727	C-46
Air Carrier	Northern Air Cargo		Eastern	United	Northwest	Pan American World	Air California	United	Reeve Aleutlan	Delta	Pan American World	Trans World	United	U. S. Air	Ozark	Pan American World	Air Illinois	Alaska Int'l Air	American	World	Air Florida	Eastern	Eastern	American	U. S. Air	Caribbean Air
Type of Operation	Sch Cargo	Sch Pass	Sch Pass	Sch Pasa	Sch Pass	Sch Pass	Sch Pass	Sch Pass	Sch Pass	Sch Pass	Sch Pass	Sch Pass	Sch Pass	Sch Pass	Sch Pass	Sch Pass	Sch Pass	Nonsch Cargo	Sch Pass	Sch Pass	Sch Pass	Sch Pass	Sch Pass	Sch Pass	Sch Pass	Sch Cargo
Location	Gambell, AK	Flushing, NY	Miend, FL.	Newbort News, VA	Pargo, ND	Jamaica, NY	Santa Ana, CA	Hannibal, MO	Sand Point, AK	New Orleans, LA	Miami, FL	St. Louis, MO	Columbus, OH	Pittaburgh, PA	St. Louis, MO	Ft. Lauderdale, FL	Ontcago, IL	Yakutat, AK	Salt Lake City, UT	N Atlantic Ocean	Milemi, Fil.	Colts Neck,NJ	St. Louis, MO	DFW Airport, TX	DFW Airport, TX	San Juan, PR
Date	1/16	1/31	5/06	2/10	2/11	2/12	2/17	4/03	4/18	5/18	5/20	6/03	6/05	6/30	8/13	8/17	8/25	9/03	9/07	9/50	9/22	9/22	10/12	10/13	10/23	12/30

Table 4 presents accidents and activity for operations conducted under 14 CFR 121 in 1981, as a function of the type of operation. The four fatal accidents occurred during scheduled operations. Only one accident occurred during a non-scheduled operation. The overall accident rates for departures flown in non-scheduled operations is almost twice that of scheduled operations.

Table 4 - ACCIDENTS AND RATES BY TYPE OF OPERATION

		ition	<u> </u>		
	Sc	heduled			
	Passenger/ Cargo	All Cargo	<u>A11</u>	All Non- Scheduled	All
Accidents Fatal Accidents	23 4	2	25 4	1	26 4
Aircraft Miles Flown (Thousands) Aircraft Hours Flown Departures Flown	2,630,495 n/a* n/a	72,724 n/a n/a	2,703,219 6,571,288 5,211,867	95,356 238,967 117,182	2,798,575 6,810,255 5,329,049
Accidents Rates					
Per Million Miles Flown Per Hundred Thousand Hours Flown Per Hundred Thousand Departures Flow	0.0087 n/a vn n/a	0:0275 n/a n/a	0.0092 0.380 0.480	0.0105 0.418 0.853	0.0093 0.382 0.488
Fatal Accident Rates					
Per Million Miles Flown Per Hundred Thousand Hours Flown Per Hundred Thousand Departures Flow	0.0015 n/a m n/a	0 0 0	0.0015 0.061 0.077	0 0 0	0.0014 0.059 0.075

^{*} ata not available from CAB.

Table 5 is a cross-tabulation of the degree of injury sustained with the different categories of persons involved in the accidents. During 1981, only 2.5 percent of passengers aboard aircraft involved in accidents while operating under 14 CFR 121, received injuries of any extent. Further, only 0.5 percent of the passengers aboard sustained serious or fatal injuries. This is an improvement over the 1980 figures of 8.4 and 1.1 percent, respectively. This resulted in a rate of 1 serious or fatal passenger injury per 20 billion revenue passenger-miles, based on the CAB-published figure of 260 billion revenue passenger-miles reported by certificated air carriers for 1981. It is interesting to note that 16 percent of the flight attendants aboard the accident aircraft received injuries; 7 percent of these being serious or fatal. This is consistent with the 1980 figures of 16.7 and 7.6 percents, respectively.

Table 5 - PERSONS BY ROLE AND DEGREE OF INJURY

	Degree of Injury								
	Fatal	Serious	Minor	None	Total				
Pilot-in-Command	0	0	0	26	26				
Co-Pilot	0	0	0	26	26				
Check Pilot	0	0	0	1	1				
Flight Engineer/Navigator	0	0	0	18	- 18				
Extra Crew	0	0	0	4.	4				
Flight Attendant	1	7	10	94	112				
Passenger	1	12	50	2,448	2,511				
Person on Ground	_2	2	0	0	4				
Total	4	21	60	2,617	2,702				

In 1981, the predominant type of Part 121 accident was that classified as miscellaneous. It included various ground accidents involving airline or airport personnel, and three passenger boarding accidents. Also included was the accident in which a flight attendant received fatal injuries in a galley service elevator. These accidents accounted for 30.8 percent of all accidents, and 100 percent of the fatal accidents.* Turbulence accidents were the next most common type of accident, accounting for 23.1 percent of all accidents and 40 percent of accidents resulting in serious or fatal injuries. The miscellaneous and turbulence accident types accounted for 93 percent of all serious and fatal injuries in 1981. The remainder of the accidents were distributed over eight general accident types, one of which resulted in a serious injury and two of which resulted in minor injuries.

Table 6 - ACCIDENTS BY TYPE AND DEGREE OF INJURY

		Accidents				
Type Of Accident	Fatal	Serious	Minor	None	<u>No.</u>	Percent
Birdstrike	0	0	. 0	. 1	ד	3.8
Collided with Objects	ō	Õ	Õ	3	. 3	11.5
Controlled Collision with Grnd/Wtr	Ō	Ö	Ö	ī	1	3.8
Engine Failure or Malfunction	0	Ô	1	2	, 1	11.5
Fire on Ground	0.	Ō	ō	1	3	3.8
Gear Retracted	0	Ŏ	1	ō	1	3.8
Ground-Water Loop-Swerve	0	0	Ō	1	1	3.8
Miscellaneous	4	Ţ	Ô.	· ñ	. 8	30.8
Turbulence	O.	6	n	0	6	23.1
Wheels-up Landing	<u> </u>		<u>ŏ</u>	0	1	3.8
Accidents - Number - Percent	4 15.4	11 42.3	2 7•7	9 34.6	26	·

^{*} It is pointed out earlier in this report that none of the fatal Part 121 accidents involved a crash of an airplane.

Table 7 presents a cross tabulation of aircraft damage by accident type. Of the 26 total aircraft, 13, or 50 percent, sustained substantial damage or were destroyed. Of the aircraft involved in the miscellaneous and turbulence type accidents, the most prevalent types, 12 of 14 received no damage.

Table 7 - AIRCRAFT BY ACCIDENT TYPE AND DAMAGE

		Aircraf	t Damage	Part 121 Aircraft			
Type of Accident	Des	Sub	Minor	None	No.	Percent	
Birdstrike Collided with Objects Controlled Collision with Grnd/Wtr Engine Failure or Malfunction Fire on Ground Gear Retracted Ground-Water Loop-Swerve Miscellaneous Turbulence Wheels-up Landing	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 3 1 1 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 7 5 0	1 3 1 3 1 1 8 6 1	3.8 11.5 3.8 11.5 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8	
Part 121 Aircraft - Number - Percent	3.8	12 46.2	3.8	12 46.2	26		

In Table 8, a cross tabulation of the phase of operation in which the accident occurred and the degree of injury is presented. Forty percent of the aircraft involved in accidents producing a fatal or serious injury were in the static phase of operation.

Table 8 - AIRCRAFT BY PHASE OF OPERATION AND DEGREE OF INJURY

		Degree of	Part 121	Aircraft		
Phase of Operatin	Fatal	Serious	Minor	None	No.	Percent
Static	. 2	4	0	0	6	23.1
Taxi To Takeoff From Landing, Other	0	0	0 0	2	2	7:7 11:5
Takeoff Run	0	0	1	1	2	7•7
In Flight Climb to Cruise Normal Cruise Descent	0 1 0	0 3 3	0 0 0	1 1 0	1 5 3	3.8 19.2 11.5
Landing Final Approach (VFR) Roll Go-around	0 0 0	0 0 1	0 1 0	1 1 0	1 2 1	3.8 7.7 3.8
Part 121 Aircraft - Number - Percent	4 15.4	11 42.3	2 7.7	9 34.6	26	

More than 19 percent of all aircraft involved in accidents received substantial damage while operating in the static or taxi phases (see Table 9). These accounted for 38 percent of all aircraft destroyed or substantially damaged.

Table 9 - AIRCRAFT BY PHASE OF OPERATION AND AIRCRAFT DAMAGE

•		Aircraft Damage				121 Aircraft
Phase of Operation	Des	Sub	Minor	None	No.	Percent
Static	0	1	0	5	6	23.1
Taxi To Takeoff From Landing, Other	0 0	2	0	0 1	2	7.7 11.5
Takeoff Run	0	2	0	0	2	7.7
In Flight Climb To Cruise Normal Cruise Descent	0 0 0	1 1 0	0 1 0	0 3 3	1 5 3	3.8 19.2 11.5
Landing Final Approach (VFR) Roll Go-around	0 0 1	1 2 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1 2 1	3.8 7.7 3.3
Part 121 Aircraft - Number - Percent	3.8	12 46.2	1 3.8	12 46.2	26	

Table 10 presents a cross tabulation of accident type with phase of operation. The greatest proportion of accidents, 34.6 percent, occurred during the inflight phase of operation. Two-thirds of these were turbulence accidents.

Table 10 - AIRCRAFT BY TYPE OF ACCIDENT AND PHASE OF OPERATION

	Phase of Operation					Part 121 Aircraft	
Type of Accident	Static	Taxi	Takeoff	Inflight	Landing	Number	Percent
Birdstrike	0	0	0	0	. 1	1	3.8
Controlled Collision with Grnd/Wtr	0		0	1	^	1	2 0
Collided with Objects	0	3	0	0	0	3	3.8 11.5
Engine Failure	0	Ŏ	2	1	Ō	3	11.5
Fire or Explosion on Ground	0	1	0	0	0	ī	3.8
Gear Retracted	0	0	0	0	1	1	3.8
Ground-Water Loop-Swerve	. 0	0	0	0	-1	1	3.8
Miscellaneous Other	6	1	0	1	0	8	30.8
Turbulence	0	0	0	6	0	6	23.1
Wheels-up Landing	0	0	0	0	1	1	3.8
Part 121 Aircraft - Number - Percent	6 23.1	5 19 . 2	2 7.7	9 34.6	4 15.4	26	

As can be seen in Table 11, 12, or more than 46 percent of the accidents occurred in daylight under VFR conditions. No indications of light or weather conditions were recorded for 3 of the 26 accidents.

Table 11 - ACCIDENTS BY CONDITION OF LIGHT AND TYPE OF WEATHER CONDITION

	Type	of Weather	r Condition	Acc	cidents
Condition of Light	VFR	IFR	Unk/NR	No.	Percent
Daylight Dusk (Twilight) Night (Dark) Night (Moonlight-Bright)	12 1 4 0	0 1 1	1 0 2 0	17 1 7 1	65.4 3.8 26.9 3.8
Accidents - Number - Percent	17 65.4	6 23.1	3 11.5	26	

Table 12 presents aircraft damage as a function of the degree of injury sustained in the accident. It is important to note that the NTSB classifies as incidents those occurrences resulting in both damage and injury no more severe than "minor", and as such, they are not included in this report. Therefore, although Table 12 shows that accidents which resulted in no aircraft damage accounted for all of the fatal and 72.7 percent of the serious injury accidents, and that 11 of the 13 accidents which resulted in at least substantial aircraft damage caused minor or no injuries, no inferences can be made concerning all injury— or damage—producing occurrences.

Table 12 - AIRCRAFT BY DAMAGE AND DEGREE OF INJURY

		Degree of	Injury		Part :	121 Aircraft
Aircraft Damage	Fatal	Serious	Minor	None	No.	Percent
Destroyed Substantial Minor None	0 0 4	1 1 1 8	0 2 0 0	0 9 0	1 12 1 12	3.8 46.2 3.8 46.2
Part 121 Aircraft - Number - Percent	4 15.4	11 42.3	2 7.7	9 34.6	26	

A cross tabulation of the type of operation in which each aircraft was engaged and the degree of injury produced by the accident is presented in Table 13. All of the 15 accidents which resulted in serious or fatal injuries were scheduled passenger operations.

Table 13 - AIRCRAFT BY TYPE OF OPERATION AND DEGREE OF INJURY

		Degree of	Part 121 Aircraft			
Type of Operation	Fatal	Serious	Minor	None	No.	Percent
Scheduled Domestic Passenger Scheduled International	1	11	2	Lį	18	69.2
Passenger	3	0	0	2	5	19.2
Scheduled Domestic Cargo Non-Scheduled Charter	0	0	0	2	2	7.7
Revenue Cargo	0	0	o	_1	_1	3.8
Part 121 Aircraft - Number - Percent	4 15.4	11 42.3	2 7•7	9 34. 6	26	

Of the 26 accidents involving aircraft operating under 14 CFR 121, 17 occurred on the airport (see Table 14). All six of the turbulence accidents occurred beyond 5 miles from the airport.

Table 14 - ACCIDENTS BY TYPE AND PROXIMITY TO AIRPORT

	Prox	Accidents			
Type of Accident	On <u>Airport</u>	Beyond 5 Miles	Unk/NR	No.	Percent
Birdstrike	1	0	O	1	3.8
Collided with Objects	3	0	0	3	11.5
Controlled Colllision with Grnd/Wtr	Ō	1	0	ī	3.8
Engine Failure	2	0	1	3	11.5
Gear Retracted	1	0	0	1	3.8
Ground-Water Loop-Swerve	1	0	0	1	3.8
Onground Fire	1	0	0	1	3.8
Miscellaneous	7	1	0	8	30.8
Turbulence	0	6	0	6	23.1
Wheels-up Landing	1	0	0_	_1	3.8
Accidents - Number - Percent	17 65.4	8 30.8	3.8	26	

The National Transportation Safety Board investigates aviation accidents in order to determine their cause or probable cause. In the course of the investigation and the subsequent analysis of factual data, the Safety Board also notes accident factors, which are conditions which existed or events which occurred coincident with the causal condition(s) or event(s). Unlike causes, factors may or may not have contributed significantly to the accident.

Individual causes and factors assigned by the Safety Board are very specific. Appendix B contains a detailed cause/factor listing for 14 CFR 121 accidents which occurred in 1981. A tabulation of the specific causes and factors grouped into major categories and the numbers of Part 121 accidents for each broad cause and/or factor are presented in Table 15. As was the case in 1980, personnel (e.g., maintenance, weather, traffic control) was the category cited most frequently as both a cause and as a factor.

Table 15 - BROAD CAUSE/FACTOR ASSIGNMENTS*

	Cited as a Cause		Cited as	a Factor	Cited as Either a Cause or a Factor (or Both)		
Cause/Factor	Fatal Accidents	All Accidents	Fatal Accidents	All Accidents	Fatal Accidents	All Accidents	
Personnel	3	14	2	4	4	17	
Pilot	ŏ	9	0	1	0	9	
Weather	0	5	0	3	0	7	
Miscellaneous	0	5	0	0	0	5.	
Powerplant	0	3	0	1	0	4	
Airport/Airways/Facilities	0	Ö	0	2	0	2	
Systems	1	1.	0	1	1	. 2	
Landing Gear	0	. 1	0	0	0	1	
Instruments/Equipment/ Accessories	1	1	0	0	1		
Number of Accidents with Cause(s) Assigned					4	26	

^{*} Multiple causes and factor may be assigned in an accident.

HISTORICAL COMPARISON

A series of tables which facilitates the comparison of accidents involving aircraft operated under Part 121 between 1981 and the 5-year base period 1976-1980, is presented in this subsection. In those tables in which statistics are tabulated for the entire base period, the values listed are arthmetic means obtained by dividing the number of occurrences in the period by five (the number of years in the period), thus allowing a more direct comparison between the 1981 statistics and those for the base period.

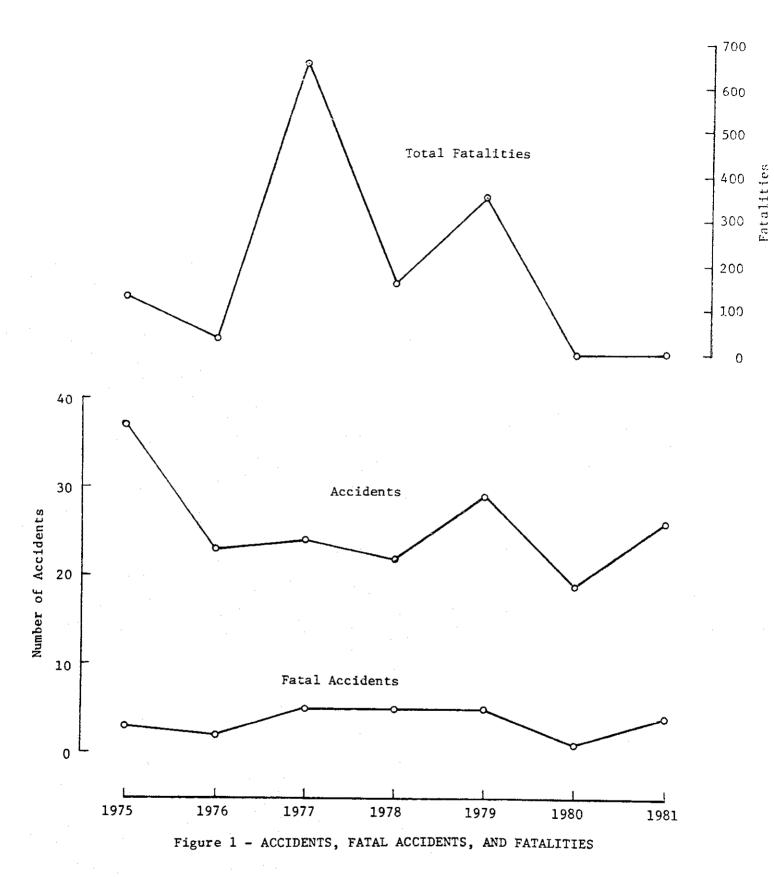
Table 16 lists the numbers of accidents, fatal accidents, and fatalities, and the rates for accidents and fatal accidents, in this case, for the years 1975 through 1981. As can be seen, the statistics vary greatly from year to year. For the period presented (and historically), 1980 was the safest year. This is further illustrated in Figures 1 and 2 in which the accident statistics are depicted graphically.

Table 16 - ACCIDENTS, FATAL ACCIDENTS, FATALITIES, AND RATES

			<u>Fatalities</u>			
Year	Accidents	Fatal Accidents	<u>Total</u>	Aboard Part 121 Aircraft		
1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981	37 23 24 22 29 19 26	3 2 5 5 5 1 4	124 38 655 160 354 1	124 38 398 150 351 0 2		

Accident Rates Per 100,000 Aircraft Hours Flown

Year	Hours Flown	Total	Fatal
1975	5,771,048	0.641	0.052
1976	5,963,985	0.386	0.034
1977	6,211,160	0.386	0.081
1978	6,414,096	0.343	0.078
1979	7,038,059	0.412	0.071
1980	7,067,468	0.269	0.014
1981	6,810,255	0.382	0.059



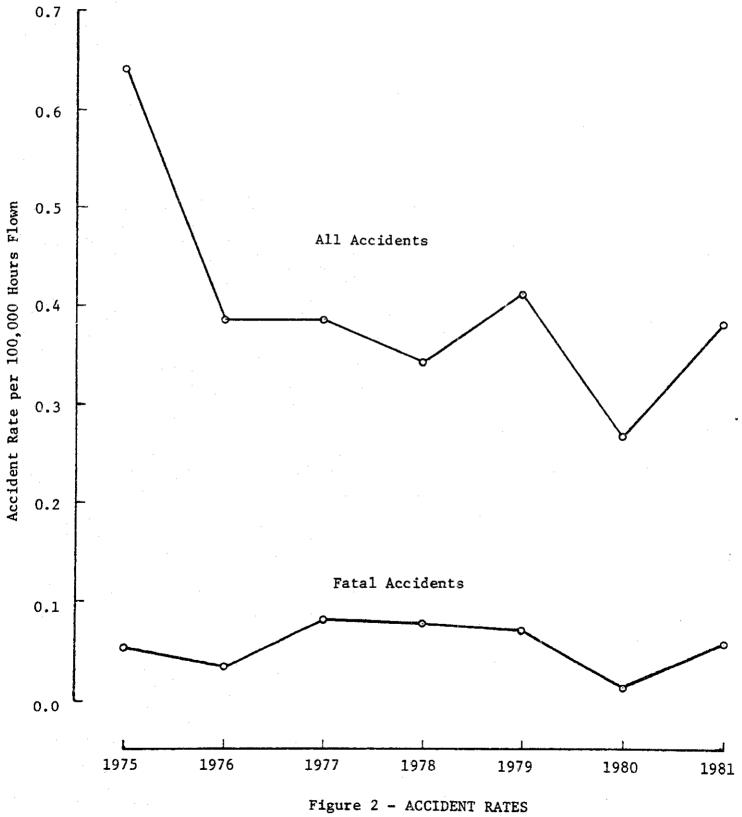


Figure 2 - ACCIDENT RATES

Table 17 lists the most prevalent accident types for the base period 1976-1980 (those which constituted at least 2 percent of the total) with the number and percent of accidents of each in 1981 and in the base period. The two leading accident types, turbulence and miscellaneous, when combined, averaged 8.8 accidents per year, for the base period, but accounted for 13 accidents in 1981. The accident types "Engine Failure or Malfunction" and "Collision with Trees, Wires, Objects" had more than twice as many accidents in 1981 as their averages for the preceding five years.

Table 17 - MOST PREVALENT TYPES OF ACCIDENTS

	**************	1981		6-1980
Type of Accident	<u>No.</u>	Percent	Mean	Percent
Turbulence Miscellaneous/Other	6 7	23.1 26.9	6.2 2.6	26.5 11.1
Engine Failure or Malfunction Collision with Trees, Wires, Objects	3 3	11.5 11.5	1.4	6.0
Landing Gear Collapsed Collision Between Aircraft	0 0	0.0	1.4 1.4	6.0 6.0
Overshoot Ground-Water Loop-Swerve	0 1	0.0 3.8	1.2	5.1 5.1
Fire or Explosion on Ground Airframe Failure In Flight	1 0	3.8 0.0	0.6 0.6	2.6 2.6
Controlled Collision with Grnd/Wtr Undershoot	1	3.8 0.0	0.6 0.6	2.6 2.6
Uncontrolled Collision with Grnd/Wtr Hard Landing	0 0	0.0	0.4 0.4	1.7
Evasive Maneuver	0	0.0	0.4	1.7
(All Other Types)	4	15.4	3.0	12.8
Total	26	100.0	23.4	100.0

Similar in structure to Table 17, Table 18 contains statistics only on fatal accidents. Although there is no predominant type of ratal accident in the base period, it can be seen that the "Miscellaneous/Other" accident type has occurred slightly more often. All of the 1981 fatal accidents are of this type.

Table 18 - MOST PREVALENT TYPES OF FATAL ACCIDENTS

	1981		<u>1976–1980</u>	
Type of Accident	No.	Percent	Mean	Percent
Miscellaneous/Other	4	100.0	0.6	16.7
Controlled Collision with Grnd/Wtr	0	0.0	0.4	11.1
Engine Failure or Malfunction	0	0.0	0.4	11.1
Overshoot	0	0.0	0.4	11.1
Collision Between Aircraft	0	0.0	0.4	11.1
Uncontrolled Collision with Grnd/Wtr	0	0.0	0.2	5.6
Collision with Trees, Wire, Objects	0	0.0	0.2	5.6
Landing Gear Collapsed	0	0.0	0.2	5.6
Undershoot	0	0.0	0.2	5.6
Engine Tearaway	. 0	0.0	0.2	5.6
Propeller Failure	0	0.0	0.2	5.6
Rotor Failure	0	0.0	<u>0.5</u>	5.6
Total	Ţİ	100.0	3.6	100.0

Tables 19 and .0 present the numbers of Part 121 accidents and fatal accidents, respectively, by the phase of operation during which they occurred. For 1981, the number of fatal accidents occurring during the static phase of operation is 10 times the average for the base period.

Table 19 - LHASE OF OPERATION FOR ACCIDENT-INVOLVED 14 CFR 121 AIRCRAFT

		1981	1976-1980	
Phase of Operation	No.	Percent	Mean	Percent
In Flight Landing Taxi Takeoff Static Unknown/Not Reported	9 4 5 2 6 0	34.6 15.4 19.2 7.7 23.1 0.0	9.0 6.2 3.6 2.8 2.0 0.2	37.8 26.1 15.1 11.8 8.4 0.8
Total 14 CFR 121 Aircraft	26	100.0	23.8	100.0

Table 20 - PHASE OF OPERATION FOR FATAL ACCIDENT-INVOLVED 14 CFR 121 AIRCRAFT

	. ,	1981	1976-1980				
Phase of Operation	No.	Percent	Mean	Percent			
In Flight Landing Takeoff Taxi Static	1 0 0 1 2	25.0 0.0 0.0 25.0 50.0	1.2 1.0 0.8 0.4 0.2	33.3 27.8 22.2 11.1 5.6			
Total 14 CFR 121 Aircraft	4	100.0	3.6	100.0			

Tables 21 and 22 present tabulations of the numbers of accidents and fatal accidents, respectively, for each of the cause/factors cited in 1981 and in the base period. "Personnel" showed an increase in frequency over the base period in both accident categories. "Powerplant" and "Miscellaneous" also were cited more in 1981 than the average for the base period.

Table 21 - BRCAD CAUSE/FACTOR ASSIGNMENTS* - ALL ACCIDENTS

		1981	<u> 1976-1980</u>					
Cause/Factor	No.	Percent	<u>Mearı</u>	Percent				
Personnel	17	65.4	13.2	61.7				
Weather	7	26.9	8.8	41.1				
Pilot	9	34.6	8.2	38.3				
Landing Gear	1	3.8	2.4	11.2				
Airport/Airways/Facilities	2	7.7	2.0	9.3				
Powerplant	4	15.4	1.8	8.4				
Miscellaneous	5	19.2	1.4	6.5				
Systems	2	7.7	0.6	2.8				
Airframe	Ō	0.0	0.6	2.8				
Instruments/Equipment & Accessories	1	3.8	0.4	1.9				
Terrain	ō	0.0	0.2	0.9				
Rotorcraft	0	0.0	0.2	0.9				
Number of Accidents with		·						
Cause(s) Assigned	26		21.4					

^{*} The table presents the number of accidents for which each cause/factor was cited. Multiple causes and factors may be assigned in an accident.

Table 22 - BROAD CAUSE/FACTOR ASSIGNMENTS* - FATAL ACCIDENTS

		1981	1976-1980					
Cause/Factors	No.	Percent	Mean	Percent				
Pilot	0	0.0	2.2	61.1				
Personnel	4	100.0	2.2	61.1				
Weather	0	0.0	1.4	38.9				
Landing Gear	0	0.0	0.6	16.7				
Airport/Airways/Facilities	0	0.0	0.4	11.1				
Powerplant	0	0.0	0.4	11.1				
Systems	. 1	25.0	0.4	11.1				
Airframe	0	0.0	0.2	5.6				
Rotorcraft	0	0.0	0.2	5.6				
Instruments/Equipment/Accessories	1	25.0	0.0	0.0				
Number of Accidents with								
Cause(s) Assigned	4		3.6					

^{*} The table presents the number of fatal accidents for which each cause/factor was cited. Multiple causes and factors may be assigned in an accident.

Table 23 presents hours flown, accidents and rates for the aircraft models most commonly used in Part 121 operations for the years 1976-1981. The models listed are those for which at least one accident occurred in the years 1976 through 1981, and for which at least 50,000 flight hours were reported to CAB by U.S. certificated route air carriers in that 6-year period. Table 23 also lists the numbers of accidents and the corresponding accident rates in which the aircraft and the pilot were cited as a cause or factor in the accident. Aircraft-related factors are those in one of the five categories: airframe, powerplant, systems, instruments/equipment and accessories, and rotorcraft. The 13 aircraft models in Table 23 accounted for 92.5 percent of the hours flown under 14 CFR 121 and 90.3 percent of the aircraft involved in accidents between 1976 and 1981.

Table 23 - ACCIDENTS AND RATES BY AIRCRAFT MODEL

			Accto	Accidents			Acciden Per 100,0	Accident Rates r 100,000 Hours Flown	OWN
				With Cause/Factor	/Factor			With Cause/Factor	/Factor
Aircraft Model	Hours Flown	A11	Fatal	Aircraft	Pilot	A11	Fatal	Alreraft	Pi lot
A 300	143.976	-	-	0	0	0.695	0.695	0.0	0.0
RAC 1-11	422,892	~	0	0		0.473	0.0	0.0	0.236
P-707	2, 955, 922	· ∞	0	0	~	0.271	0.0	0.0	0.068
P-727	15,252,197	36	77	7	13	0.256	0.026	0.046	0.085
P-737	2,430,070	, ∞	0	-	m	0.329	0.0	0.041	0.123
P-747	2,651,579	- ∞	, 4	~	7	0.302	0.038	0.075	0.151
*^0	734,591	<u></u>	0		e	1.089	0.0	0.136	0.408
27.8	2.028.334	13	2	9	†	0.641	0.099	0.296	0.197
0 50	5,803,746	15	-	2	3	0.258	0.017	0.034	0.086
) 1. 1. 1. 1.	2,261,128	13	9	9	N	0.575	0.265	0.265	0.088
1-188	80,783	-1	2	17	77	8.665	5.476	4.952	4.952
[-101]		7	-	2	0	0.450	0.064	0.129	0.0
YS-11	238,045	. ~	0	0	←	0.840	0.0	0.0	0.420

CV - 340, 440, 580, 600, 640

14 CFR 135

U.S. air carriers operating under 14 CFR 135 in 1981, were involved in 188 accidents, 49 of which caused fatalities. One accident involved a collision between two aircraft operating under Part 135, so that the number of involved aircraft was 189.

SUMMARY OF LOSSES

Table 24 presents a comparison of the number of accidents and their associated losses in 1981 and the two preceding years, for all Part 135 accidents. The remainder of this section is divided into two parts -- scheduled and nonscheduled Part 135 operations.

Table 24 - SUMMARY OF LOSSES

Accidents	<u>1981</u>	1980	1979
Fatal Involved Serious Injury Involved Minor or No Injury	49 17 122	53 19 136	45 24 143
Total	188	208	515
Fatalities			•
Passenger Crew Other Persons	78 46 4	89 49 2	89 50 4
Total	128	140	1"3
Aircraft Damage - (14 CFR 135)	·		A.
Destroyed Substantial Minor None Unknown	63 122 3 0 1	60 145 1 4	60 150 1 2 0
Total	189	210	513
Aircraft Damage - (Other*)			,
Destroyed Substantial Minor	2 2 0	2 1 0	2 2
Total	4	3	6

^{*} Other aircraft are those aircraft not operated under 14 GFR 135 that were involved in on-ground or in-flight collisions with aircraft operated under 14 GFR 135.

SCHEDULED 14 CFR 135

Thirty-one accidents occurred during scheduled Part 135 operations in 1981. Of these, nine were fatal accidents. Two collisions occurred between aircraft in which only one of the aircraft was conducting a scheduled 14 CFR 135 operation. One of those collisions resulted in 13 fatalities on the Part 135 aircraft. With the exception of "summary of losses" tables (e.g., Table 25), the other aircraft and their associated losses are not included in this review, since they were not air carrier aircraft.

SUMMARY OF LOSSES

When 1981 is compared to the two preceding years in Table 25, it can be seen that there were slightly fewer accidents. However, the percentage of accidents resulting in fatalities was greater (29 percent) than in 1980 (21.1 percent) and almost the same as in 1979 (28.9 percent). The percentage of scheduled Part 135 aircraft destroyed in accidents in 1981 was 32.3 percent, somewhat greater than the 23.1 percent for 1980, and approaching the 38.5 percent for 1979.

Table	25	_	SUMMARY	OF	TOSSES
TONTE	<i>C</i>)	_	COLPTITI	Ο	

Accidents	1981	1980	1979
Fatal Involved Serious Injury Involved Minor or No Injury	9 4 18	8 6 24	15 8 29
Total	31	38	52
Fatalities		•	
Passenger Crew Other Persons	21 11 2	27 10 0	50 16 0
Total	34	37	66
Aircraft Damaged - (Scheduled 14 CFR 135)			
Destroyed Substantial Minor None	10 20 1 0	9 27 1 2	20 32 0 0
Total	31	39	52
Aircraft Damaged - (Other*)			
Destroyed Substantial	1 1	0	0 1
Total	2	0	1

^{*} Other aircraft are those aircraft not operated under 14 CFR 135 that were involved in on-ground or in-flight collisions with aircraft operated under 14 CFR 135.

Table 26 shows scheduled Part 135 activity in terms of miles, hours, and departures, with the computed accident rates. Activity in 1981 surpassed that in 1980 and 1979 in both miles and hours flown. The 1981 departures were substantially higher than 1980, but were below the 1979 level. The overall accident rates in each category showed continued improvement, however, the rates for fatal accidents were slightly higher than the 1980 levels.

Table 26 - ACCIDENT RATES

	<u>1981</u>	<u> 1980</u>	1979
Aircraft Miles Flown (Thousands)	193,001	192,200	192,493
Aircraft Hours Flown	1,240,764	1,175,588	1,169,921
Departures Flown	1,835,144	1,776,999	1,883,705
Accident Rates			
Per Million Miles Flown	0.1606	0.1977	0.2701
Per Hundred Thousand Hours Flown	2.498	3.232	4.445
Per Hundred Thousand Departures Flown	1.689	2.138	2.761
Fatal Accidents			
Per Million Miles Flown	0.0466	0.0416	0.0779
Per Hundred Thousand Hours Flown	0.725	0.681	1.282
Per Hundred Thousand Departures Flown	0.490	0.450	0.796

DETAILED REVIEW

The 31 accidents occurring during scheduled 14 CFR 135 operations in 1981 are listed in Table 27. Cargo flights were involved in 42 percent of the accidents; passenger flights in 58 percent.

Type of Accident	Engine Failure or Malfunction Propeller/Jet/Kotor Blast Collision with Ground/Water - Controlled		Ground-Water Loop-Swerve Engine Pailure or Malfunction	Stall	Engine Pailure or Malfunction	Mneets-up tarking Ground-Water Loop-Swerve	Collision with Ground/Water - Uncontrolled	Ground-Water Loop-Swerve	Collision with Ground/Water - Controlled	Collision with Ground/Water - Controlled	Stall/Mush	Collision with Trees	Collision Between Aircraft - Both in Filght	Engine Fallure or Maitunction	(Nershoot	Wheels-up Landing	Wheels-up Landing	Undetermined	Wheels-up Landing	Stall/Spin	Gear Collapsed	Prop Rotor Accident to Person	Collision Between Aircraft - Both on Ground		Collision with Ground/Water - Controlled	Struck by Ground Vehicle	Collision with Ground/Water - Controlled
legree of Injury	None None Ratal (7)		None None	Serious	None	None	Fatal (2)		Matal (2)	Minor	Minor	Sertons	Fatal (15)	Serions	None	None		Fatal (1)		Fata1 (1)	None	Serions	None		Fatal (1)		Fatal (4)
Aircraft Damage	Substantial Substantial	Destroyed	Substantial Substantial	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial Substantial	Destroyed	Substantial	Destroyed	Substantlal	Substantial	Destroyed	Destroyed	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial	Destroyed	Substantial	Destroyed	Substantial	Minor	Substantial	Substantial	Destroyed	Substantial	Destroyed
Aircraft Type	Beech 581C Beech H18S	Prper PA-31	Beech 018S Prosp PA=28B	Piper PA-31	Cessna 402B	Beech 99	Sikorsky S-62A	Piper PA-31	Cessna T210N	Piper PA-31	Beech H18	Beech 95-C55	Handly Page HP-137	Piper PA-31	Cessna 207A	Cessna R182	Beech 65-80	Piper PA-23	Aero Comdr 500B	Cessna 207A	Piper PA-34	Beech 99	Swearingen SA266	Cessna 402B	Aero Comdr 680E	Piper PA-32	Piper PA-31
Type of Operation	Cargo	rassenger Cargo	Passenger	Passenger	Passenger	Passenger	Passenger	Carko	Passenger	Passenger	Passenger	Cargo	Passenger	Passenger	Passenger	Cargo	Passenger	Passenger	Carrgo	Cargo	Cargo	Passenge	Passetuer	Passenger	Cargo	Cargo	Passenger
Location	Fikhart Lake,WI Chicago,IL	Spokane, wa Mt Shasta, CA	San Juan, PR	Prescott, AZ	Tebbetts, MO	Grand Island, NE	Avalon.CA	North Canton Off	Fallon, NV	Kirksville, MO	Hazelton, PA	Eau Claire, WI	Loveland, CO	Houston, TX	Marshall, AK	Abilene, TX	St.Cro1x,VI	St.Thomas, VI	Louisville, KY	Dillingham, AK	Henstchee, WA	Washington, DC	Flagstaff, A2	Mtami, PL	Savoonga, AK	Columbia, SC	Durango, CO
Date	1/02	1/20	1/28	2/10	2/11	2/13	2/22	2,5	3/0/	3/04	3/11	3/56	4/17	4/26	5/3	6/16	6/26	7/23	1/29	8/04	8/10	8/23	0/5	6/26	11/01	11/30	12/31

Table 28 presents accidents and activity for scheduled Part 135 operations as a function of the type of operation. Although the combined passenger/cargo operations had the highest percentage of fatal accidents, this type of operation had significantly lower accident rates for accidents and fatal accidents in each activity category.

Table 28 - ACCIDENTS AND RATES BY TYPE OF OPERATION

	Type of Operation				
	Passenger/ Cargo	All Cargo	All		
Accidents	18	13	31		
Fatal Accidents	6	3	9		
Aircraft Miles Flown (Thousands)	178,204	14,797	193,001		
Aircraft Hours Flown	1,157,470	83,294	1,240,764		
Departures Flown	1,744,481	90,663	1,835,144		
Accident Rates	•				
Per Million Miles Flown	0.1010	0.8786	0.1606		
Per Hundred Thousand Hours Flown	1.555	15.607	2.498		
Per Hundred Thousand Departures Flown	1.032	14.339	1.689		
Fatal Accident Rates					
Per Million Miles Flown	0.0337	0.2027	0.0466		
Per Hundred Thousand Hours Flown	0.518	3.602	0.725		
Per Hundred Thousand Departures Flown	0.344	3.309	0.490		

As can be seen from Table 29, of the 165 persons involved in accidents during scheduled Part 135 operations, 58 (or 35.2 percent) received fatal or serious injuries. Of the 114 revenue passengers on these flights, 18.4 percent were fatally injured, and 15.8 percent were seriously injured. Commuter air carriers reported a total of 1.375 billion revenue passenger miles to CAB in 1981. This results in a rate of 1 serious or fatal passenger injury per 35.3 million passenger miles, equal to that of 1980.

Table 29 - PERSONS BY ROLE AND DEGREE OF INJURY

	<u>Fatal</u>	Serious	Minor	<u>None</u>	Total
Pilot-in-Command	8	2	2	19	31
Co-Pilot	2	0	0	7	9
Flight Engineer	1	0	0	0	1
Cabin Attendant	0	1	0	0	1
Passenger	21	18	3	72	114
Other Aircraft	2	3	ĺ	2	8
Person on Ground	0		0	1	1
Total	34	24	6	101	165

The types of accidents and their resulting degree of injury are listed in Table 30. Engine failure or malrunction accidents represent only 12.9 percent of the total and zero percent of the fatal accidents, in contrast to 1980, when 26.3 percent of the total and 37.5 percent of the fatal accidents resulted from engine failure or malfunction.

Table 30 - ACCIDENTS BY TYPE AND DEGREE OF INJURY

		Degree of	Accidents			
Type of Accident	<u>Fatal</u>	Serious	Minor	<u>None</u>	No.	Percent
Collision Both Aircraft in Flight	1	0	0	0	1	3.2
Collision Both Aircraft on Ground	0	0	0	1	1	3.2
Controlled Collision with Grnd/Wtr	5	0	1	0	6	19.4
Uncontrolled Collision with Grnd/W	tr 1	0	0	Ó	1	3.2
Collided with Objects	0	1	Ó	1	Ž	6.5
Engine Failure or Malfunction	. 0	1	0	3	<u> </u>	12.9
Ground-Water Loop-Swerve	0	0	0	3	3	9.7
Landing Gear Collapsed	0	0	0	1	ĭ	3.2
Miscellaneous/Other	0	0	Ô	ī	ī	3.2
Overshoot	0	0	Ō	ī	Ĩ	3.2
Propeller/Jet Blast	0	0	0	1	1	3.2
Propeller/Rotor Accident to Person	0	ī	Ō	ō.	ī	3.2
Stall	1	1	1	Ō	उँ	9.7
Undetermined	1	C ·	ō	Ō	1	3.2
Wheels-up Landing	0	0	0	4	4	12.9
Accidents - Number	9	4	2	16	31	
- Percent	29.0	12.9	6.5	51.6	J -	

Table 31 presents a tabulation of the number of scheduled Part 135 aircraft involved in accidents by type of accident and extent of damage. Of the 31 aircraft involved in these accidents, 30 (96.8 percent) were destroyed or sustained substantial damage. The other aircraft sustained minor damage when a propeller struck a person.

Table 31 - AIRCRAFT BY ACCIDENT TYPE AND DAMAGE

	_ Airc	raft Da	mage		luled Part Aircraft
Type of Accident	<u>Des</u>	Sub	Minor	No.	Percent
Collision Both Aircraft in Flight Collision Both Aircraft on Ground Controlled Collision with Grnd/Wtr Uncontrolled Collision with Grnd/Wtr Collided with Objects Engine Failure or Malfunction Ground-Water Loop-Swerve Landing Gear Collapsed Miscellaneous/Other Overshoot Propeller/Jet Blast Propeller/Rotor Accident to Person Stall Undetermined Wheels-up Landing	1 0 5 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 1 1 0 1 4 3 1 1 1 0 2 0 4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 6 1 2 4 3 1 1 1 1 3 1	3.2 3.2 19.4 3.2 6.5 12.9 9.7 3.2 3.2 3.2 9.7 3.2 12.9
Scheduled Part 135 Aircraft - Number - Percent	10 32.3	20 64.5	1 3.2	31	

A tabulation of accident-involved aircraft by the phase of operation in which the accident occurred and the degree of injury, is presented in Table 32. Aircraft in the level off/touchdown phase accounted for 19.4 percent of the total, but no injuries resulted from these accidents. Accidents occurring in normal cruise accounted for 16.1 percent of the total and 33.3 percent of the fatal accidents.

Table 32 - AIRCRAFT BY PHASE OF OPERATION AND DEGREE OF INJURY

		Degree of	Injury			iuled Part Aircraft
Phase of Operation	Fatal	Serious	Minor	None	No.	Percent
Static Idling Engine(s) Parked, Engine Not Operating	0 0	1	0	1	2	6.5 3.2
Taxi From Landing - Fixed Wing	0	0	0	2	2	6.5
Takeoff Run Initial Climb	0	0 2	0 1	1 0	1 3	3.2 9.7
In Flight Normal Cruise Descent Other	3 1 1	0 0 0	0 0 0	2 1 0	5 2 1	16.1 6.5 3.2
<pre>Ianding Final Approach (VFR) Final Approach - From FAF (IFR) Level Off/Touchdown Roll Missed Appraoch (IFR)</pre>	1 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0	00620	1 2 6 2 2	3.2 6.5 19.4 6.5 6.5
Unknown	1	0	0	0	1	3.2
Scheduled Part 135 Aircraft - Number - Percent	9 29 . 0	4 12.9	2 6.5	16 51.6	31	

Aircraft involved in accidents during either normal cruise or level off/touchdown accounted for 36.7 percent of the aircraft destroyed or receiving substantial damage. (see Table 33).

Table 33 - AIRCRAFT BY PHASE OF OPERATION AND AIRCRAFT DAMAGE

	Air	craft	Damage		duled Part Aircraft
Phase of Operation	Des	Sub	Minor	No.	Percent
Static Idling Engine(s) Parked, Engine Not Operating	0 0	1 1	1	2	6.5 3.2
Taxi From Landing - Fixed Wing	0	2	0	2	6.5
Takeoff Run Initial Climb	0 0	1 3	0	1	3.2 9.7
In Flight Normal Cruise Descent Other	3 1 1	2 1 0	0 0	5 2 1	16.1 6.5 3.2
<pre>Landing Final Approach (VFR) Final Approach - From FAF (IFR) Level Off/Touchdown Roll Missed Approach (IFR)</pre>	1 1 0 0 2	0 1 6 2 0	0 0 0 0	1 26 2 2	3.2 6.5 19.4 6.5 6.5
Unknown	_1	0	0	1	3.2
Scheduled Part 135 Aircraft - Number - Percent	10 32.3	20 64.5	1 3.2	31	

Table 34 is a cross tabulation of type of accident by the phase of operation in which it occurred. About 42 percent of the accidents occurred during the landing phase of operation. The most prevalent type of accident in this phase (30.8 percent) were wheels up landings.

Table 34 - AIRCRAFT BY TYPE OF ACCIDENT AND PHASE OF OPERATION

			Phase	î Operati	.on			led Part ircraft
Type of Accident	Static	<u>Taxi</u>	Takeoff	Inflight	Landing	Unknown	No.	Percent
Collision Both Aircraft								
Inflight	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3.2
Collision Both Aircraft								
on Ground	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	3.2
Controlled Collision								
with Ground/Water	0	0	0	3	3	0	6	19.4
Uncontrolled Collision								
with Ground/Water	. 0	0	0	0	1	0	1	3.2
Collided with Objects	1	0	. 0	. 0	1	Ō	2	6.5
Engine Failure or Malfunction	0	. 0	1	3	- 0	.0	11	12.9
Ground-Water Loop-Swerve	0	1	0	Õ	2	Ö	ર	9.7
Landing Gear Collapsed	0	0	0	Ö	1	Ŏ.	1	3.2
Miscellaneous/Other	1	0	Ō	Ō	ō	ŏ	1	3.2
Overshoot	0	0	0	Ö	ī	ō	ī	3.2
Propeller/Jet Blast	0	1	Ö	0	Õ	ŏ	1	3.2
Propeller/Rotor Accident				•	•	.~	-	J•c
to Person	1 .	0	0	0	0	٥	١	3.2
Stall	0	0	2	1	Ŏ	ō	- 3	9.7
Undetermined	0	0	0	ō	Ö	ĭ	ì	3.7
Wheels-up Landing	_0	_0	0	0	_4	0	4	12.4
Scheduled Part 135 Aircraft	:							
- Number	3	2	4	8	13	1	31	
- Percent	9.7	6.5		25.8	41.9	3.2	٦,	•

A cross tabulation of accidents by light and weather conditions is presented in Table 35. Of all scheduled Part 135 accidents, 67.7 percent occurred under VFR conditions; 66.7 percent of these were in daylight conditions.

Table 35 - ACCIDENTS BY CONDITION OF LIGHT AND TYPE OF WEATHER CONDITION

		Type of Weather Condition				
Condition of Light	VFR	IFR	No.	Percent		
Daylight Dusk (Twilight) Night (Dark) Night (Moonlight)	14 3 3 1	6 0 4 0	20 3 7 1	64.5 9.7 22.6 3.2		
Accidents - Number - Percent	21 67.7	10 32 . 3	31			

Table 36 presents the number of accident-involved aircraft by the extent of damage and degree of injury in the accident. In all fatal accidents, the aircraft was destroyed. Of the accidents resulting in substantial damage to the aircraft, 90 percent resulted in minor or no injuries to occupants. The serious injury accident which produced only minor aircraft damage resulted from a person being struck by a propeller.

Table 36 - AIRCRAFT BY DAMAGE AND DEGREE OF INJURY

	Degree of Injury					Scheduled Part 135 Aircraft	
Aircraft Damage	Fatal	Serious	Minor	None	No.	Percent	
Destroyed Substantial Minor	9 0 0		0 5 0	0 16 0	10 20	32.3 64.5 3.2	
Scheduled Part 135 Aircraft - Number - Percent	9 29.0	4 12.9	2 6 . 5	16 51.6	31		

A tabulation of scheduled 14 CFP 135 accident-involved aircraft by type of operation and degree of injury is presented in Table 37. Passenger operations accounted for 58.1 percent of the accidents and 66.7 percent of the fatal accidents.

Table 37 - AIRCRAFT BY TYPE OF OPERATION AND DEGREE OF INJURY

	Degree of Injury					duled Part Aircraft
Type of Operation	Fatal	Serious	Minor	<u>None</u>	No.	Percent
Domestic Passenger International Passenger Domestic Cargo	5 1 3	3 0 1	2 0 0	6 1 9	16 2 13	51.6 6.5 41.9
Scheduled Part 135 Aircraft - Number - Percent	9 29.0	4 12.9	2 6.5	16 51.6	31	

Seventeen of the 31 accident aircraft (or 54.8 percent) were involved in accidents on the airport (see Table 38). Forty-seven percent of these, and about 48 percent of all 31 accident aircraft were operating under IFR flight plans.

Table 38 AIRCRAFT BY PROXIMITY TO AIRPORT AND FLIGHT PLAN

			Flight	Plan			uled Part Aircraft
Proximity to Airport	None	VFR	IFR	Other	Unknown	No.	Percent
On Airport Miles from Airport	4	3	8	1	1	17	54.8
Within 1/4 3/4 to 1	0	0	0	1 0	0	1 2	3.2 6.5
2+ to 3 4+ to 5	0	1	0	0	0	1	3.2 3.2
Beyond 5 Unknown	0	4 0	3 1	1 0	0	8	25.8 3.2
Scheduled Part 135 Aircr - Number - Percent	aft 4 12.9	8 25.8	15 48.4	3 9 . 7	1 3.2	31	

The pilot and personnel were the cause/factors cited most often (16 and 14 accidents, respectively) for all scheduled Part 135 accidents. (See Table 39). For fatal accidents, the pilot was again cited most often (6 accidents), however, weather (4 accidents) replaced personnel (2 accidents) as the cause/factor cited next most often. Appendix C contains a detailed cause/factor listing for scheduled 14 CFR 135 accidents which occurred in 1981.

Table 39 - BROAD CAUSE/FACTOR ASSIGNMENTS*

Cited as Either a Cause or a Factor (or Both) Cited as a Factor Cited as a Cause All Fatal All Fatal Fatal All Accidents Accidents Accidents Accidents Accidents Accidents Cause/Factor Pilot Personnel Weather £ Landing Gear Airport/Airways/Facilities Powerplant Terrain Undetermined Rotorcraft Miscellaneous Airframe Instruments/Equipment/ Accessories Systems Number of Accidents with Cause(s) Assigned

^{*} The table presents the number of accidents for which each cause/ factor was cited. Multiple causes and factors may be assigned in an accident.

HISTORICAL COMPARISON

Accidents, fatalities, and accident rates for the years 1975 through 1981 are tabulated in Table 40, and are presented in graphic form in Figures 3 and 4. A continued decrease in the number of fatalities in scheduled Part 135 operations can be seen for 1981 (34, compared to an average of 39.7 for the period 1975-1980). An improvement also can be seen in the accident rate for 1981 (2.498, the lowest in the base period) over the 1980 rate (3.232). Although there were fewer fatalities in 1981, the fatal accident rate is up slightly over the 1980 rate (0.725 and 0.681, respectively).

Table 40 - ACCIDENTS, FATAL ACCIDENTS, FATALITIES, AND RATES

			Fatalities			
<u>Year</u>	Accidents	Fatal Accidents	<u>Total</u>	Aboard Scheduled Part 135 Aircraft		
1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981	48 35 44 61 52 38 31	12 9 9 14 15 8 9	28 27 32 48 66 37 34	26 23 32 48 66 37 32		

Accident	Rate	per	100,000
Airera	ift H	ours	Flown

Year	Hours Flown	Total	<u>Fatal</u>
1975	936,312	5.126	1.282
1976	965,296	3.626	0.932
1977	1,150,250	3.825	0.782
1978	1,302,136	4.685	1.075
1979	1,169,921	4.445	1.282
1980	1,175,588	3.232	0.681
1981	1,240,764	2.498	0.725

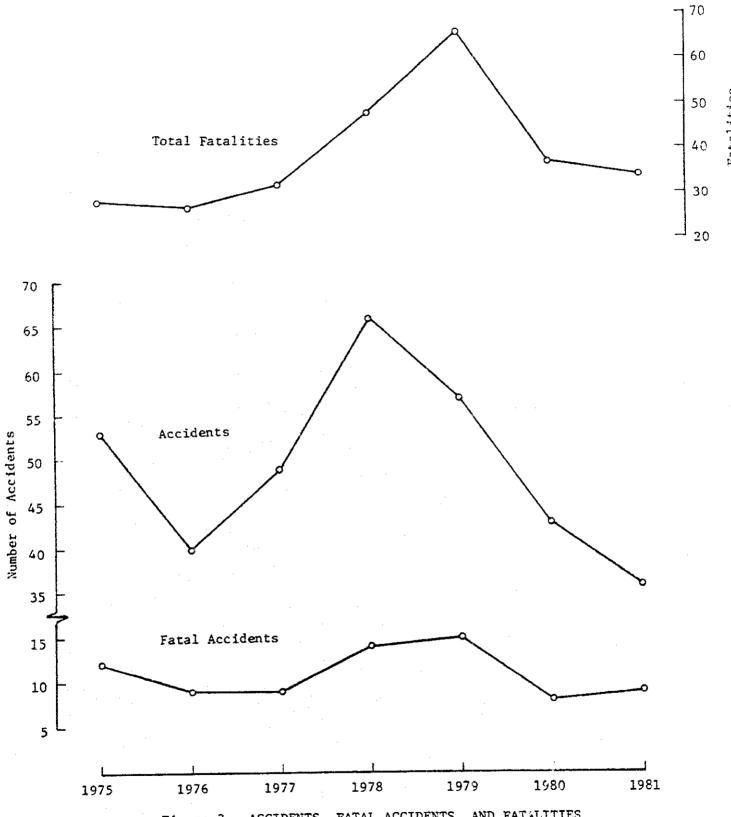
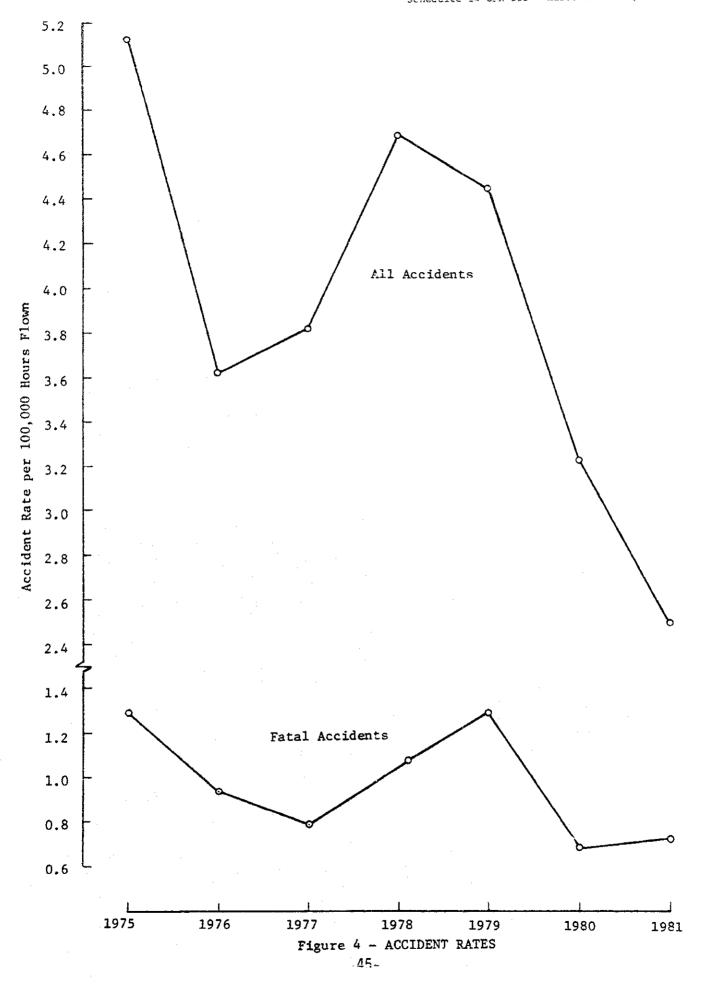


Figure 3 - ACCIDENTS, FATAL ACCIDENTS, AND FATALITIES
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Tables 41 and 42 list the types and the mean numbers of accidents and fatal accidents, respectively, which account for 2 percent or more of the accidents (or fatal accidents) in the 5-year base period between 1976 and 1980, as well as the numbers of such accidents in 1981. Controlled collision with ground or water was the accident type cited most often for both accidents and fatal accidents, with the number of 1981 occurrences substantially higher than the mean for the base period. Engine failure or malfunction, the perennial leader in both accidents and fatal accidents, was cited in about 13 percent of the accidents, as was wheels up landing. Significantly, engine failure or malfunction was not cited in any of the 1981 fatal accidents, and was cited in substantially fewer of all the accidents in 1981 than in the mean number of the preceding 5 years.

Table 41 - MOST PREVALENT TYPES OF ACCIDENTS

	-	1981	1970	5-1980
Type of Accident	No.	Percent	Mean	Percent
Engine Failure or Malfunction	4	12.9	12.2	26.5
Collision with Trees, Wires, Objects	2	6.5	6.4	13.9
Ground-Water Loop-Swerve	3	9.7	4.4	9.6
Controlled Collision with Grnd/Wtr	6	19.4	2.6	5.7
Stall	3	9.7	1.8	3.9
Wheels-up Landing	4	12.9	1.8	3.9
Landing Gear Collapsed	1	3.2	1.4	3.0
Landing Gear Retracted	0	0.0	1.4	3.0
Hard Landing	0	0.0	1.4	3.0
Overshoot	1	3.2	1.4	3.0
Fire or Explosion in Flight	0	0.0	1.2	2.6
Uncontrolled Collision with Grnd/Wtr	1	3.2	1.2	2.6
Collision Between Aircraft	2	6.5	1.2	2.6
Undershoot	0	0.0	1.0	2.2
(All Other Types)	4	12.9	6.6	14.4
Total	31	100.0	46.0	100.0

Table 42 - MOST PREVALENT TYPES OF FATAL ACCIDENTS

		1981	<u> 1976–1980</u>				
Type of Accident	No.	Percent	Mean	Percent			
Engine Failure or Malfunction Controlled Collision with Grnd/Wtr Collision with Trees, Wires, Objects Stall Uncontrolled Collision with Grnd/Wtr Airframe Failure in Flight Fire or Explosion in Flight Missing Aircraft Collision Between Aircraft	0 5 0 1 1 0 0 0	0.0 55.6 0.0 11.1 11.1 0.0 0.0 0.0	3.4 2.0 1.0 1.0 0.4 0.4 0.4	30.9 18.2 9.1 9.1 9.1 3.6 3.6 3.6			
(All Other Types)	_1	11.1	1.2	10.9			
Total	9	100.0	11.0	100.0			

Tables 43 and 44 present the phases of operation for accident-involved and fatal accident-involved scheduled Part 135 aircraft. Accidents occurring during takeoff (4) dropped substantially in 1981 from the base mean of 11.6.

Table 43 - PHASE OF OPERATION FOR ACCIDENT-INVOLVED SCHEDULED 14 CFR 135 AIRCRAFT

	<u> </u>	1981	1976-1980				
Phase of Operation	No.	Percent	Mean	Percent			
Landing Takeoff In Flight Taxi Static Unknown	13 4 8 2 3 1	41.9 12.9 25.8 6.5 9.7 3.2	16.8 11.6 10.6 6.2 1.2 0.0	36.2 25.0 22.8 13.4 2.6 0.0			
Total Scheduled Part 135 Aircraft	31	100.0	46.4	100.0			

Table 44 - PHASE OF OPERATION FOR FATAL ACCIDENT-INVOLVED SCHEDULED 14 CFR 135 AIRCRAFT

	<u> </u>	1981	1976-1980				
Phase of Operation	No.	Percent	Mean	Percent			
In Flight Landing Takeoff Static Unknown	5 3 0 0 1	55.6 33.3 0.0 0.0 11.1	4.8 3.4 2.6 0.2 0.0	43.6 30.9 23.6 1.8 0.0			
Total Scheduled Part 135 Aircraft	9	100.0	11.0	100.0			

Table 45 shows that the pilot was cited most frequently as a cause or factor in 1981 and in the base period in scheduled 14 CFR 135 aircraft accidents. However, for 1981, the number of times the pilot was cited was substantially below the base period mean. Powerplant also was cited substantially less often in 1981 than for the base period.

Table 45 - BROAD CAUSE/FACTOR ASSIGNMENTS* - ALL ACCIDENTS

		1981	1970	5-1980
Cause/Factor	No.	Percent	Mean	<u> Percent</u>
Pilot Weather	16 10	51.6 32.3	30.8 13.8	67 . 5 30 . 3
Personnel (non-pilot) Powerplant Airport/Airways/Facilities	14 3 3	45.2 9.7	13.2 9.6	29.0 21.1
Terrain Landing Gear	3 2 4	9.7 6.5 12.9	7.2 5.4 4.0	15.8 11.8 8.8
Systems Miscellaneous	1	3.2 3.2	2.0	4.8
Undetermined Airframe	2	6.5 3.2	0.8	2.2 1.8
Instruments/Equipment & Accessories Rotorcraft	1	3+2 3+2	0.0	0.0
Number of Accidents with Causes(s) Assigned	31		45.6	

^{*} The table presents the number of accidents for which each cause/factor was cited. In the case of collisions between scheduled Part 135 aircraft and other aircraft, causes and factors for the other aircraft and their personnel are not included in the table. Multiple causes and factors may be assigned in an accident.

For fatal accidents, the pilot and weather were cited most often, consistent with the base period. The number and percent for these cause/factors were similar to those for the base period.

Table 46 - BROAD CAUSE/FACTOR ASSIGNMENTS* - FATAL ACCIDENTS

		1981	1976	- 1980
Cause/Factor	No.	Percent	Mean	Percent
Pilot Weather Personnel Powerplant Terrain Systems Undetermined Miscellaneous Airframe Airport/Airways/Facilitles Instruments/Equipment & Accessories Rotorcraft	6 4 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	66.7 44.4 22.2 0.0 0.0 22.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 11.1 11.1	8.8 4.4 3.2 2.6 1.2 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.2 0.0	81.5 40.7 29.6 24.1 11.1 9.3 7.4 5.6 1.9 0.0 0.0
Number of Accidents with Causes(s) Assigned	9		10.8	

^{*} The table presents the number of fatal accidents for which each cause/factor was cited. In the case of collisions between scheduled Part 135 aircraft and other aircraft, causes and factors for the other aircraft and their personnel are not included in the table. Multiple causes and factors may be assigned in an accident.

NONSCHEDULED 14 CFR 135

In 1981, there were 157 accidents involving aircraft operating nonscheduled flights under 14 CFR 135. Of these, 40 were fatal accidents, including a midair collision between two nonscheduled Part 135 aircraft.

SUMMARY OF LOSSES

Statistics which describe the number and severity of accidents during nonscheduled operations under 14 CFR 135, for the years 1979, 1980, and 1981, are presented in Table 47. The numbers of accidents, fatal accidents, and fatalities in 1981 were lower than those in 1980, but the number of fatal accidents and fatalities was greater than in 1979. More aircraft were destroyed in 1981 than in either 1980 or 1979, but the total number of aircraft damaged was lower than in 1980 or 1979.

Table 47 - SUMMARY OF LOSSES

Accidents	1981	1980	1979
Fatal Involved Serious Injury Involved Minor or No Injury	40 13 104	46 13 112	30 16 <u>114</u>
Total	157	171	160
Fatalities			
Passenger Crew Other Persons	57 35 2	62 41 2	39 34 4
Total	94	105	77
Aircraft Damaged - (14 CFR 135)			
Destroyed Substantial Minor None Total	54 102 2 0 158	52 118 0 2 172	40 118 1 2 161
Aircraft Damaged - (Other*)			
Destroyed Substantial Minor	1 1 	2 1 0	2 1 2
Total	2	3	5

^{*} Other aircraft are those aircraft not operated under 14 CFR 135 that were involved in on-ground or in-flight collisions with aircraft operated under 14 CFR 135.

On-demand air taxis operating under Part 135, unlike the certificated route air carriers and commuter airlines, are not required to report miles, hours, and departures to CAB. Therefore, in order to develop accident rates, flight hours were estimated from data collected by FAA in its General Aviation Activity Surveys. Estimated flight hours and accident rates for nonscheduled Part 135 operations for the years 1981, 1980, and 1979, are presented in Table 48. The estimated activity in 1981 was substantially lower, but, in spite of fewer accidents for the year, both the accident and fatal accident rates for 1981 are higher than for the preceding two years.

Table 48 - ACCIDENT RATES

	<u>1981</u>	<u> 1980</u>	1979
Hours Flown	2,895,827	3,617,724	3,684,321
Accident Rates*			
All Accidents Fatal Accidents	5.422 1.381	4.727 1.272	4.343 0.814

^{*} Per Hundred Thousand Hours Flown

DETAILED REVIEW

The accidents which occurred in 1981 during nonscheduled 14 CFR 135 operations are listed in Table 49. Alaska, with 31.9 percent of the accidents, and Louisiana with 7.6 percent of the accidents, were the most frequent accident locations. However, the 1981 percents were slightly lower than the 1980 levels of 34.1 and 11.2 percent, respectively. Alaska and Louisiana accounted for 30 percent of the fatal accidents during nonscheduled operations.

Type of Accident	Collision with Ground/Water - Controlled Collision with Ditches Wheels-up Landing Wheels-up Landing	Ground-Water Loop-Swerve Collision with Airport Hazard Collision with Trees Collision with Fence, Fenceposts Undetermined Roll Over	Collision with Ground/Water - Controlled Engine Pailure or Malfunction Engine Failure or Malfunction Collision with Other Ground-Water Loop-Swerve Collision with Trees Collision with Trees Collision with Trees	Collision with Ground/Water - Controlled Collision with Parked Aircraft (Uhattended) Stall Nose Over/Down Collision with Other Collision with Ground/Water - Uncontrolled Engine Mailure or Maifunction Bird Strike	Collision with Ground/Water - Controlled Roll Over Holl Over Engine Failure or Malfunction Collision with Trees Engine Failure or Malfunction Gear Collapsed Undershoot Englure or Malfunction Engine Failure or Malfunction	Hall Danage to Aircraft Gear Collapsed Progine Mallure or Malfunction Prop Motor Acrident to Person Collision With Ground/Water - Uncontrolled
Degree of Injury	Minor None None None	None Patal (2) None Patal (2) None None	7	Fatal (2) Minor Fatal (2) None None None None	Minor Minor Minor Minor Minor Patal (4) None Minor	None None None Serious Minor
Alrcraft Damage	Substantial Substantial Substantial Substantial	Substantial Substantial Destroyed Substantial Destroyed Substantial	Substantial Destroyed Destroyed Substantial Substantial Destroyed Destroyed	Destroyed Substantial Destroyed Substantial Substantial Substantial Substantial	Substantial Substantial Substantial Lestroyed Substantial Bestroyed Destroyed Substantial Substantial	Substantial Substantial Bestroyed Minor Substantial
Alreraft Type	Bell 2068 Piper PA-28 Cessna 402 Cessna T210	Cessna 185F Bell 222 Aero Comdr 500S Aerospatiale SA316B Grumman G-21A Enstrom F28C		Piper PA-44 Cessna 172 Cessna 310R Cessna 185 Piper PA-31 Aerospatiale SA315B Bell 206A	Cessna 2078 Bell 2068 Bell 2066 Bell 2066-1 Bell 2066-1 Piper PA-28 Fiper PA-31 Aero Comdr 690A Cessna U206 Aerosta 11216 AS350D	Piper PA-28R C.A.S.A. C-212 Hughes 369D Cessna 404 Bell 2068
Type of Operation	Passenyer Cargo Cargo Passenyer	Passenger Passenger Cargo Cargo Passenger Passenger	Passenger Cargo Cargo Passenger Cargo Passenger Cargo	Cargo Passenger Passenger Passenger Passenger Passenger	Passenger Passenger Passenger Passenger (argo Passenger Passenger Passenger	rassenger Passenger Cargo Passenger Passenger
Location	Vernal, Ur Chillicothe, OH Lansing, MI Midlard, TX	Russian Mtn, AK Patterson, I.A Springfield, MO Coalville, Ur Dutch Harbor, AK Anchorage, AK	Clarks Point, AK Winnemices, NV Newhall, CA Dillsburg, PA Karluk Lake, AK Jamestown, NY Houms, LA Fort Wayne, IN	Batavia,NY Seattle,WA North Adams,MA Cordova,AK Miami,PL Heber City,UT Evanston,WY	Teller, AK Jeller, AK Jefferson, OH Cameror, JA Gulf of Mexico Altor, Uf Galera, AK Albuquerque, NM Wathampton Ech, NY	Frinchol, Un Hupklus, MO Klynuk, AK Las Vegas, NV Eurbank, CA Hed Mountain, AK
Uate	1/06 1/08 1/12 1/15	1/16 1/21 1/23 1/23 1/25	1/26 1/27 1/28 2/02 2/10 2/10 2/18	2/19 2/23 2/25 3/08 3/16 3/16	3/10 3/20 3/20 3/25 3/25 4/10	4/13 4/13 4/20 4/20

	u	- Controlled	-							ç		Ē			- Uncontrolled		- Controlled	 Controlled 	- Controlled	=			c	c	_	•	c			both in Fight	- controlled	c		: c			
Type of Accident	Engine Failure or Malfunction	Collision with Ground/Water - Controlled	Tail Rotor Hailure	Gear Retracted	Airframe Fallure in Filght	Collision with Trees	Hard Landing	Overshoot	Gear Retracted	Engine Fallure or Malfunction	Holl Over	Prop Motor Accident to Person	Ground-Water Loop-Swerve	Engine mailure or Mairunction			Ground/Water			Engine Failure or Malfunction	Stall/Mush		Engine Failure or Malfunction				engine raiture or maitunction	Collision With Uther	Collectature or Mail Unction	Collecton with Orang Autor Collecton In Filght	Stall	Engine Extlure or MalCinotton	Engine Fallure or Malfunction	Engine Fallure or Malfunction	Ground-Water Loop-Swerve	Ground-Water Loop-Swerve	Collision with Other
Degree of Injury	Minor	Patal (1)	None	None	Serious	None	Minor	None		ratal (1)		Maral (1)	None	•					Fatal (1)		Fatal (1)	Minor	None	None		Fatal (1)	Norse	Korke		Foral (5)	Serfous	Patal (5)		None	None	None	None
Aircraft Damaye	Substantial Substantial	Destroyed	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial Potential	Cubatant 121	Datamelal	peachoard	Destroyed	Destroyed	Destroyed	Destroyed	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial	Substant 1a1	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial	Deatroyed	Destroyed	Substantial	Destroyed	Destroyed	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial	Substant1a1
Aircraft Type	Bell 206L-1 Cessna 185	Be11 479-38	Aerospatiale AS350D	Aerostar 600	Piper PA-60		Short Sc/	Piper PA-32	Cessna 421	Bell 2008	2002 TEG		Coggn 3278	Decaile 33/F		December 150/A	Beech 36	Sikoraky S-55	Aerospatiale AS-350			Aerospatiale SA315B	Piper PA-31P			Cessna T210L			Piner PA-28				Hughes 500D	Bell 206B	Cessna 185	_	Cessna 177RG
Type of Operation	Cargo Passenger	Passenger	S S S	Cargo	rassenger	Passenger	26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 2	Passenger	rassenger	Presenger	Proposer	rasser Rel	Pageonian	Tobaccol	Possonion	Doggenger	rassenger	Passenger	Passenger	Passenger	<u>چ</u>	Passenger	2 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Fassenger	و ا	Passenger	Dogonas	Pagganger	Passencer	Passanger	Passenger	Passenger	Passenger	Passenger	Passenger	Cargo	Passenger
Location	Leeville, LA Nome, AK	Thompson Malls, MT	Gulf of Mexico	Con Angelo my	Seal Auge 10, 17	Clarock, AK	Diage offer, An	Changen 76	Spelled 14	Call of May 100	Court Comes OR	Alexander John AV	Choon City MD	Hypnote MA	Grand Canuon A?	Ave less Ch	Decision of	Beaumont, CA	Cameron, LA	Nassau, bananas	ANVIK AK	meeteetse, wr	Dallas, IX	Papaskiak, An	New Camberland, PA	Clear Palls, SU	Timogra AK	Tanacross AK	Bitas ID	Mt. Denail AK	Anchorage, AK	Muskegon, MI	Farewell, AK	Frenklin, LA	Nightmute, AK	South Naknek, AK	Anchorage, AK
Date	4/25 5/01	5/04	* O	2,00		2/00 5/15	27.7	01/2 7 10	2 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	5/10	5,72	7, rr 7,00	3,74	7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.	2/2	7/28	7,40	ر در در د	2/31	70/0 0/0	\$0/0 0/04	20/0	90/0	17/0	21/0	0/10	27.79	6/10	6/21	, y	0.79	\$ 40°	٥/ /۵	7/05	7/02	7/04	1/01

Arcraft Type Cessna 402C Substantial Cessna 180J Substantial None Cessna 180J Substantial None Cessna 180J Substantial None Cessna 180J Substantial None Cessna 180S Substantial None Cessna 180B Substantial Minor Cessna 180B Substantial Minor Cessna 180B Substantial None Cessna 200B Cessna 200B Substantial None Cessna 402B Substantia					Degree	
Operation Aircraft Type Danage Injury 1ty, IA Cargo Cessna 402C Substantial None Az Passenger Piper Pa-31 1ty, IS Passenger Piper Pa-31 AK Passenger Beech 597C Substantial None 4, AK Cargo Beech 597C Substantial None 4, AK Passenger Beech 507A Substantial None 4, AK Passenger Beech 507A Substantial None 4, AK Passenger Piper Pa-35 AK Passenger Piper Pa-35 AK Passenger Piper Pa-35 AK Passenger Piper Pa-35 AK Passenger Paper Pa-36 AK Passenger Paper Pa-36 AK Passenger Paper Pa-36 AK Passenger Paper Pa-37 AK Passenger Paper Pa-37 AK Passenger Paper Pa-37 AK Passenger Paper Pa-37 AK Passenger Paper Pa-38 AK Passenger Paper Pa-38 AK Passenger Paper Pa-37 AK Passenger Pa-37 AK P		Type of		Aircraft	O	
Passenger Cessna 402C Substantial None Passenger Highes 369D Substantial None Passenger Highes 369D Substantial None Passenger Beech 58TC Substantial None Bassenger Beech 58TC Substantial None Passenger Bell 206L Bestroyed Serious Passenger Pell 206L Bestroyed Serious Passenger Pell 206L Bestroyed Minor Passenger Aerospatiale 316B Substantial None Passenger Bell 206B Substantial Minor Passenger Highes 369D Bestroyed Minor Cargo Cessna 310R Substantial None Passenger Highes 369D Bestroyed Minor Passenger Piper PA-32RT Substantial None Casna 1206F Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-32R Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Passenger Cessna 2016 Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Passenger Pell 206B Substantial Minor Passenger Pell 206B Substantial Minor Passenger Pell 206B Substantial Passenger Pell 206B Substantial Minor Passenger Pell 206B Substantial Passenger Pell 206B	Location	Operation	Alrcraft Type	Lanage	Injurg	Type of Accident
Passenger Hughes 1990 Substantial None Passenger Pra-11 Substantial Minor Passenger Peech 5970 Substantial Minor Passenger Peech 5970 Substantial Mone Passenger Beech 5970 Substantial None Passenger Beech 5970 Substantial None Cargo Beech 5970 Destroyed Patal (1) Passenger Hughes 36918 Substantial None Passenger Hughes 36918 Substantial None Passenger Per-1 2006 Destroyed Serious Passenger Per-1 2006 Destroyed Serious Passenger Per-1 2008 Destroyed Serious Passenger Per-1 2008 Destroyed Minor Passenger Per-1 2008 Destroyed Minor Passenger Pel-1 2009 Destroyed Serious Passenger Pel-1 2009 Destroyed Minor Passenger Pel-2 2009 Destroyed Minor Passenger Pel-3 2009 Destroyed Minor Passenger Pel-3 2009 Destroyed Minor Passenger Pel-3 2009 Substantial Mone Passenger Pel-3 200 Substantial None Passenger Pel-3 200 Substantial None Passenger Pel-3 200 Substantial None Passenger Pel-3 200 Destroyed Serious Casma 1006 Substantial None Passenger Pel-3 200 Destroyed Serious Casma 1006 Substantial None Passenger Pel-3 200 Destroyed Serious Casma 1006 Substantial None Passenger Pel-3 Substantial None Passenger Pel-1 2006 Substantial None Passenger Pel-1 2009 Substantial None Passenger Pel-1 2009 Substantial Minor Passenger Pel-1 2009 Sub	Port O'Connor.TX	Passenger		Substantlal	None	Ground-Water Loop-Swerve
Passenger Hughes 369D Substantial Minor Passenger Place R4-31 Substantial None Passenger Beech C497T Destroyed Patal (4) Passenger Beech C-454 Destroyed Patal (4) Passenger Beech C-454 Destroyed Patal (1) Passenger Bell 2066 Destroyed Serious Passenger Hughes 3691S Destroyed Serious Passenger Piper PA-32 Destroyed Patal (1) Passenger Piper PA-32 Destroyed Patal (1) Passenger Piper PA-32 Destroyed Patal (1) Passenger Perospectial 316B Substantial Minor Passenger Pell 206-13 Destroyed Patal (1) Passenger Hughes 3690 Destroyed Patal (1) Passenger Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Passenger Cessna 1006 Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Passenger Passen	Morgan City, LA	Cargo		Substantial	None	
Passenger Piper PA-31 Substantial None Passenger Beech 587C Destroyed Fatal (4) Passenger Beech 587C Destroyed Fatal (4) Passenger Robertson 207A Substantial None Cargo Bell 2066. Bell 2066. Destroyed Serious Passenger Hughes 3691S Destroyed Serious Passenger Piper PA-32 Destroyed Serious Passenger Piper PA-32 Destroyed Minor Passenger Aerosectial 316B Substantial Minor Passenger Bell 2068 Destroyed Minor Passenger Bell 2069 Destroyed Minor Passenger Pelavilland DMC-2 Destroyed Minor Passenger Piper PA-32MT Destroyed Serious Passenger Piper PA-32MT Destroyed Serious Passenger Piper PA-32MT Destroyed Minor Passenger Hughes 3690 Substantial Minor Passenger Hughes 3690 Substantial Mone Passenger Piper PA-32MT Substantial Mone Passenger Piper PA-32MT Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-33M Substantial None Passenger Personal 185 Substantial None Passenger Personal 12068 Passenger Personal 12069 Passenger Personal	Unlat, AK	Passenger		Substantial	Minor	
Passenger Beech 58TC Destroyed Ratal (4) Passenger Beech 58TC Substantial None Passenger Beech 6-45H None Substantial None Bassenger Bell 206L Destroyed Serious Passenger Hughes 569tS Substantial None Passenger Hughes 569tS Substantial None Passenger Ptper PA-32 Destroyed Serious Passenger Aerospatiale 316B Substantial None Passenger Aerospatiale 316B Substantial Minor Passenger Bell 206B Substantial Minor Passenger Bell 206B Substantial Minor Passenger Bell 206-83 Substantial Minor Passenger Bell 206-83 Substantial None Passenger Hughes 3690 Destroyed Patal (3) Passenger Hughes 3690 Destroyed Patal (1) Passenger Hughes 3690 Destroyed Patal (1) Passenger Hughes 3690 Destroyed Patal (1) Passenger Hughes 3690 Destroyed Minor Passenger Hughes 3690 Destroyed Patal (4) Passenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Patal (4) Passenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Patal (3) Passenger Piper PA-32R Substantial None Passenger Paper PA-33R Substantial None Passenger Paper PA-34R Substantial None Passenger Cessna 406F Substantial None Passenger Per PA-34R Substantial Passenger Per PA-34R Substantial Passenger Pa-34R Passenger Per PA-34R Pa	Tusayan, AZ	Passenger	Piper PA-31	Substantial		Gear Collapsed
Passenger Beech E18S Substantial None Passenger Robertson 207A Substantial None Passenger Beech C-45H Destroyed Beat (1) Passenger Beloch C-45H Destroyed Serious Passenger Ph-12 206. Passenger PA-32 Destroyed Serious Passenger Pher PA-32 Destroyed Batal (1) Passenger Aerospatiale 316B Substantial None Passenger Aerospatiale 316B Substantial Minor Passenger Bell 206-83 Substantial None Cargo Cassa 310R Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Patal (4) Passenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Patal (3) Passenger Piper PA-32RT Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-32RT Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-32R Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-33R Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-33R Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-33R Substantial None Passenger Cassa 2004 Substantial None Passenger Cassa 2004 Substantial None Passenger Per PA-31R Substantial None Passenger Per PA-34R Substantial Passenger Per PA-34R Substantial Passenger Per PA-34R Passenger Per PA-34R Passenger Per PA-34R Passenger Per PA-34R Passenger	Kansas City, KS	Passenger	Beech 58TC	Destroyed		Collision with Ground/Water - Uncontrolled
Passenger Robertson 207A Substantial None Cargo Beech C-45H Bestroyed Ratal (1) Passenger Pell 206L Bestroyed Ratal (1) Passenger Piper PA-32 Bestroyed Serious Passenger Piper PA-32 Bestroyed Minor Passenger Pell 206S Bestroyed Minor Passenger Pell 206B Bestroyed Minor Passenger Bell 206B Bestroyed Minor Passenger Bell 206B Bestroyed Ratal (1) Passenger Bell 206B Bestroyed Ratal (1) Passenger Bell 206-B3 Bestroyed Ratal (1) Passenger Bell 206-B3 Bestroyed Ratal (1) Passenger Bell 206-B3 Bestroyed Ratal (1) Cargo Casna 310R Bestroyed Ratal (1) Passenger Highes 369D Bestroyed Minor Passenger Highes 369D Bestroyed Ratal (1) Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial Mone Cargo Aerospatiale SA316B Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-23 Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-23 Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Passenger Casna 306 Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Passenger Casna 306 Substantial None Passenger Pell 2066 Substantial None Passenger Pell 2068 Substantial None Passenger Bell 2068 Substantial None Passenger Pell 2065 Substantial Minor Passenger Pell 2065 Bestroyed Passenger Pell 206	Tobir Sreek, AK	Passenger	Beech E18S	Substantial	None	Ground-Water Loop-Swerve
Livengood, MK Gargo Beech C-45H Destroyed Serious Ketchilker, MR Passenger Bell 206L Destroyed Serious Skagway, MK Passenger Hughes 3691S Shorterlal Mone Serious Skagway, MK Passenger Pher Cond. 500S Destroyed Minor Alpine, W Passenger Per Cond. 500S Destroyed Minor Escalante, UT Passenger Per Cond. 500S Destroyed Minor Passenger Per Cond. 500S Destroyed Minor Russenger Bell 206-89 Alpine, W Passenger Bell 206-89 Cordova, M Passenger Bell 206-89 Cordova, M Passenger Bell 206-89 Cordova, M Passenger Phylos 309 Minor	Nini Ichik, AK	Passenger	Robertson 207A	Substantial	None	Stall
Passenger Bell 2066 Destroyed Serlous Passenger Hughes 1691S Substantial None Passenger Plper PA-32 Substantial None Passenger Proceeds Serlous Substantial None Passenger Aero Spatial 316B Substantial Minor Passenger Bell 2068 Substantial Minor Passenger Bell 2068 B Substantial Minor Passenger Bell 2068 B Substantial Minor Passenger Bell 2068 B Substantial Minor Passenger Bell 206 B Substantial Minor Passenger Hughes 3690 Substantial None Passenger Hughes 3690 Substantial Minor Passenger Passenger PA-22M Bestroyed Minor Passenger Puper PA-23M Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-32M Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-33 Substantial None Passenger Piper PA-34 Substantial None Passenger Pal 2065 Substantial Mone Passenger Pal 2065 Substantial	Livengood, AK	Cargo	Beech C-45H	Destroyed	Matal (1)	
Ketchikan, AK Rasenger Hughes 36918 Substantial None Skagmay, AK Rasenger Ph-22 Heally, AK Rasenger Aero Comfr 500S Bestroyed Minor Alpine, MY Rasenger Rell 2068 Substantial Ratal (1) Rasenger Rell 2068 Substantial Minor Riggins, ID Rasenger Rell 2066 Bestroyed Serious Cordova, AK Rasenger Rell 2066 Bestroyed Serious Cordova, AK Cargo Cassna 120f Bestroyed Serious Atbine, MY Rasenger Rell 2066 Bestroyed Serious Cleveland, OH Rasenger Rell 2066 Bestroyed Serious Atbine, MY Rasenger Rell 2066 Bestroyed Serious Atcon, MY Rasenger Righes 3690 Bestroyed Minor Happy Camp, CA Rasenger Righes 3690 Bestroyed Minor Happy Camp, CA Rasenger Righes 3690 Bestroyed Minor Happy Camp, CA Rasenger Ph-2-12RT Bestroyed Minor Hake Clarkel, AK Rasenger Ph-2-12RT Bestroyed Serious Lil Bonnede 1s, AK Rasenger Ph-3-12RT Bestroyed Serious Lil Bonnede 1s, AK Rasenger Ph-3-12RT Bestroyed Serious Lil Bonnede 1s, AK Rasenger Ph-3-12RT Substantial None Drigs, ID Cargo Cessna 1006 Substantial None Drigs, ID Cargo Cessna 1068 Substantial None Drigs, ID Cargo Cessna 1068 Substantial None Rasenger Ph-3-12RT Substantial None Drigs, ID Cargo Cessna 1068 Substantial None Rasenger Pel-1 2068 Ratalae Palls, HI Passenger Pel-1 2068 Substantial None Kilaues, III Rasenger Pel-1 2068 Substantial None Rasenger Pel-	Leeville, iA	Passenger	Be11 206L	Destroyed	Sertons	
Ketchikar, AK Passenger Highes 369IS Substantial None Skogwey, AK Passenger Piper PA-32 Destroyed Patal (6) Healy, AK Passenger Pero Conf. 500S Destroyed Patal (1) Apine, WT Passenger Bell 206B Substantial Pinor Raggins, ID Passenger Bell 206B Substantial Pinor Apine, WY Passenger Bell 206B Substantial Pinor Corlova, AK Passenger Deliavilland DiC-2 Substantial None Corlova, AK Passenger Highes 369D Substantial None Arton, W Passenger Highes 369D Substantial None Arton, W Passenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Pitul (1) Li I I Iomedel Is, AK Passenger Piper PA-32RT Bustantial None Li I I Iomedel Is, AK Passenger Piper PA-32R Substantial None Lotariorage, AK Passenger Piper PA-32R Substantial None	Ketchikan, AK	Passenger	DeHavilland DHC-2	Destroyed	Sertons	Collision with Ground/Water Uncontrolled
Skagway, AK Rassenger Piper PA-32 Destroyed Main Healy, MK Passenger Aerospatiale 3169 Substantial Minor Rassenger Bell 2066 Substantial Minor Rassenger Bell 2066 Substantial Minor Rassenger Bell 2066 Substantial Minor Cargo Carson 2009 UM-12E Destroyed Serious Cordova, AK Cargo Casna 7207 Destroyed Serious Cargo Casna 7207 Destroyed Serious Cargo Casna 7207 Destroyed Minor Happy Camp, CA Cargo Casna 1008 Substantial Mone Driggs, ID Cargo Casna 1008 Substantial Mone Driggs, ID Cargo Casna 12066 Substantial Mone Lit Dlomede 19, AK Passenger Hughes 3690 Destroyed Minor Driggs, ID Cargo Casna 12066 Substantial Mone Lit Dlomede 19, AK Passenger Piper PA-32MT Destroyed Minor Lit Dlomede 19, AK Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial Mone Galovin, AK Passenger Casna 12066 Substantial Mone Gargo Casna 186 Substantial Mone Origgs, ID Cargo Casna 185 Substantial Mone Gargo Casna 185 Substantial Mone Origgs, ID Cargo Casna 185 Substantial Mone Manage, AK Passenger Casna 185 Substantial Mone Origgs AK Passenger Passenger Pell 2068 Substantial Mone Mailale Palls, II Passenger Pell 2068 Substantial Mone Hails, IA Passenger Pell 2068 Substantial Mone Mailale Palls, II Passenger Pell 2069 Destroyed Santanial Mone Mailale Palls, II Passenger Pell 2069 Destroyed Santanial Mone Mailale Palls, II Passenger Pell 2069 Destroyed Santanial Minor Passenger Pell 2069 Destroyed Santanial Minor Passenger Pell 2069 Destroyed Santanial Minor Passenger Pell 2069 Destroyed Pas	Ketch I kar, AK	Passenger		Substantial		Engine Failure or Malfunction
Healy, AK Passenger Aero Condr 500S Destroyed Minor Alpine, MY Passenger Bell 2068 Substantial Fatal (1) Escalante, UT Passenger Bell 2068 Substantial Minor Alpine, MY Passenger Bell 2066 Substantial Minor Cargo Casna T207 Destroyed Serious Cleveland, OH Passenger Hughes 3690 Destroyed Phini (1) Driggs, ID Cargo Casna T207 Substantial Minor Happ Camp, CA Passenger Hughes 3690 Destroyed Fatal (4) Driggs, ID Cargo Casna 100F Substantial Minor Happ Camp, CA Passenger Hughes 3690 Destroyed Fatal (4) Driggs, ID Cargo Aerospatiale Saji6B Substantial Mone Lil Diomede 18, AK Passenger Cesna U206F Substantial None Lil Diomede 18, AK Passenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Fatal (3) Lik Clark Pass, AK Passenger Paper PA-32 Substantial None Lil Diomede 18, AK Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Gravo Cesna 206 Substantial None Aerospatiale Saji6B Substantial None Aerospatiale Saji6B Substantial None Gravo Cesna 206 Substantial None Substantial None Substantial None Casna 206 Substantial None Substantial None Casna 206 Substantial None Substantial None Substantial None Substantial None Casna 206 Substantial None Cesna 206 Substantial None Substantial None Substantial None Substantial None Casna 206 Substantial None Substantial None Substantial None Cesna 206 Substantial None Substantial None Substantial None Casna	SKagway, AK	Passenger	Piper PA-32	Destroyed		Collision with Ground/Water - Controlled
Alphie, W Passenger Bell 2068 Substantial Ratal (1) Basenger Bell 2068 Substantial Minor Riggins, 1D Passenger Bell 2068 Bubstantial Minor Passenger Bell 206-83 Destroyed Serious Cordova, M Passenger Bell 206-83 Destroyed Serious Cordova, M Passenger Delavilland DMC-2 Substantial Mone Cleveland, OH Passenger Hughes 3690 Destroyed Minor Happy Camp, CA Passenger Hughes 3690 Destroyed Minor Happy Camp, CA Passenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Minor Happy Camp, CA Passenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Minor Happy Camp, CA Passenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Minor Big River, AK Cargo Cessna U206 Substantial Mone Lit Diomede 19, AK Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial Mone Lit Diomede 19, AK Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial Mone Grand Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial Mone Driggs, ID Cargo Cessna 1206 Substantial Mone Grand Isle, IA Passenger Cessna 2064 Substantial Mone Grand Isle, IA Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial Mone Grand Isle, IA Passenger Personal Serious Substantial Mone Grand Isle, IA Passenger Personal Serios Substantial Mone Grand Isle, IA Passenger Personal Substantial Mone Malalae Palls, HI Passenger Personal Rose Destroyed Substantial Mone Grand Isle, IA Passenger Personal Rose Destroyed Substantial Mone Grand Isle, IA Passenger Personal Rose Destroyed Substantial Mone Grand Isle, IA Passenger Personal Rose Destroyed Substantial Mone Grand Isle, IA Passenger Personal Rose Destroyed Personal Rose Rayenta, Rose Palls, II Passenger Personal Rose Bell 2064 Bestroyed Personal Rose Destroyed Personal Rose Destroyed Personal Rose Bell 2065 Bestroyed Pe	Healy, AK	Passenger	Aero Comdr 500S	Destroyed		Collision with Trees
Escalante, UT Passenger Bell 2068 Substantial Minor Alpine, WY Passenger Soloy UH-12E Destroyed Fatal (3) Cordova, AK Passenger Bell 206-B3 Destroyed Fatal (3) Cargo Casana 10R Substantial Mone Cleveland, OH Cargo Casana 10R Substantial Mone Happy Camp, CA Passenger Hughes 3690 Substantial Minor Happy Camp, CA Passenger Hughes 3690 Substantial Minor Happy Camp, CA Passenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Fatal (4) Driggs, ID Cargo Casana U206 Substantial Mone Ganwell, AK Passenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Fatal (4) Driggs, ID Cargo Casana U206 Substantial Mone Lit Dlomede 18, AK Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial Mone Golovin, AK Passenger Piper PA-32R Substantial Mone Golovin, AK Passenger Piper PA-32R Substantial Mone Golovin, AK Passenger Casana 206 Substantial Mone Grand 1sie, IA Passenger Casana 206 Substantial Mone Grand 1sie, IA Passenger Casana 1206R Substantial Mone Grand 1sie, IA Passenger Bell 2068 Substantial Mone Grand 1sie, IA Passenger Piper PA-32R Substantial Mone Grand 1sie, IA Passenger Pell 2068 Substantial Mone Kilauea, III Passenger Pell 2068 Substantial Mone Halae Palls, HI Passenger Pell 2068 Substantial Mone Kilauea, III Passenger Pell 2068 Substantial Mone Walalae Palls, HI Passenger Piper PA-34 Substantial Mone Passenger Piper PA-34 Substantial Mone Passenger Pell 2068 P	Alpine, WY	Passenger	Aerospatiale 316B	Substantial		
Riggins, ID Passenger Soloy UN-12E Destroyed Fatal (3) Cordova, AK Passenger Bell 206-83 Destroyed Serious Cordova, AK Passenger Defavilland UNC-2 Substantial None Cleveland, OH Passenger Hughes 3690 Destroyed Phili (1) Bassenger Hughes 3690 Destroyed Minor Happy Camp, CA Passenger Hughes 3690 Destroyed Minor Happy Canto, CA Passenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Minor High Russenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Fatal (4) Passenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Fatal (4) Passenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Fatal (3) Lik Clark Pass, AK Passenger Piper PA-32 Destroyed Fatal (3) Lik Clark Pass, AK Passenger Piper PA-32 Destroyed Fatal (4) Passenger Piper PA-32 Destroyed Fatal (3) Lik Clark Pass, AK Passenger Piper PA-32 Destroyed Substantial None Grand Isle, IA Passenger Cessna 207A Substantial None Drigs, ID Gargo Cessna 206 Substantial None Grand Isle, IA Passenger Cessna 1266 Substantial None Grand Isle, IA Passenger Bell 2068 Substantial None Walalae Falls, HI Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Serious Iowa City, IA Passenger Pass 1008 Substantial None Walalae Falls, HI Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2) Passenger Pal-34 Destroyed Fatal (2) P	Escalante, UT	Passenger	Bell 206B	Substantial		1
Aljūle, WY Cordova, AK Corgo Cossana T207 Corstroyed Corgo Corgo Corstroyed Corgo Corstro Corgo Riggins, 1D	Passenger	Soloy UH-12E	Destroyed			
Cordova, AK Cargo Cessna 7207 Cleveland, OH Cargo Cessna 7207 Cleveland, OH Arton, WY Cargo Cessna 310R Arton, W Cargo Cessna 310R Arton, W Cargo Cessna 310R Cargo Cassna 10R Cargo Cassna 120C Cargo Cassna 185	Alpine, WY	Passenger	Be11 206-83	Destroyed	Serious	
Casper,WY Cargo Cessna 310R Alton,WY Cargo Cessna 310R Alton,WY Passenger Hughes 3690 It Minor Hapty Camp, CA Passenger Hughes 3690 Destroyed Minor Hapty Camp, CA Passenger Piper PA-32R Big Hiver,AK Cargo Cessna U206 Lil Diomede 19,AK Passenger Piper PA-23 Lik Clark Pass,AK Passenger Piper PA-23 Lik Clark Pass,AK Passenger Piper PA-23 Lik Clark Pass,AK Passenger Piper PA-23 Substantial None Golovin,AK Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Archorage,AK Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Drigs,1D Cargo Cessna 206 Substantial None Drigs,1D Cargo Cessna 185 Dikeman,AK Cargo Cessna 185 Cargo Cessna 185 Lik Clark Passenger Personaliale Saji5B Dikeman,AK Cargo Cessna 185 Cargo Cessna 185 Dikeman,AK Passenger Perl 2068 Substantial None Kilauea,III Passenger Perl 2061,-1 Substantial None Sarlous Substantial None Sarlous Serlous Substantial None Sarlous Haialae Palls,HI Passenger Piper PA-34 Substantial None Sarlous Substantial None Sarlous Substantial None Sarlous Substantial None Sarlous Haialae Palls,HI Passenger Piper PA-34 Substantial None Sarlous Substantial None Sarlous Substantial None Sarlous Haialae Palls,HI Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Sarlous Substantial None Sarlous Sarlous Substantial None Sarlous Sarlous Substantial None Sarlous Substantial None Sarlous Substantial None Sarlous Sarlo	Cordova, AK	Passenger	Dellavilland DHC-2	Substantial		Nose Over/Down
Cleveland, OH Cargo Cessna 310R Substantial Nune Arton, NY Passenger Hughes 3690 Destroyed Minor Happy Camp, CA Passenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Minor Driggs, ID Cargo Aerospatiale SA316B Substantial None Cargo Cessna U206F Substantial None Lit Diomede 1s, AK Passenger Piper PA-32 Destroyed Fatal (4) Lik Clark Pass, AK Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Lake Charles, IA Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Lake Charles, IA Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Colovin, AK Passenger Cessna 207A Substantial None Driggs, ID Cargo Cessna 206 Substantial None Cargo Cessna 185 Substantial None Crargo Cessna 185 Substantial None Cargo Cessna 185 Substantial None Cargo Cessna 185 Substantial None Cargo Cessna 185 Substantial None Kilauea, III Passenger Pet 1 206B Substantial None Kalauea, III Passenger Pet 1 206B Substantial None Kalauea, III Passenger Cessna 402B Substantial None Kassenger Pet 206B Substantial None Kassenger Pet 206B Substantial None Kassenger Pet 206B Substantial None Kassenger Cessna 402B Substantial None Kassenger Cessna 402B Substantial None Kassenger Pet 206B Substantial Pet 206B Substantial None Kassenger Pet 206B Substantial Pet 206B Subst	Casper, WY	Cargo	Cessna 1207	Destroyed		Engine Fallure or Malfunction
Afton, WY Passenger Hughes 3690 Substantial Minor Lk Minchumina, AK Passenger Piper PA-32MT Destroyed Minor Cargo Aerospatiale SA3168 Substantial Mone Cargo Cessna U206F Substantial Mone Lti Diomed 19, AK Passenger Piper PA-23 Substantial Mone Lake Charles, LA Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial Mone Lake Charles, LA Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial Mone Colovin, AK Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial Mone Golovin, AK Passenger Cessna 206 Substantial Mone Chois, J.A. Passenger Cessna 206 Substantial Mone Drigs, ID Cargo Cessna 206 Substantial Mone Grand Isle, LA Passenger Cessna 185 Substantial Mone Grand Isle, LA Passenger Peli 2068 Substantial Mone Grand Isle, LA Passenger Peli 2068 Substantial Mone Malalae Palis, HI Passenger Peli 2068 Substantial Mone Manalae Palis, HI Passenger Peli 2061-1 Substantial Mone Kayenta, AZ Passenger Peli 2061-1 Substantial Mone Manalae Palis, HI Passenger Peli 2061-1 Substantial Mone Kayenta, AZ Passenger Peli 2061-1 Substantial Minor Passenger Peli 2061-1 Substantial Minor Passenger Peli 2068 Destroyed Fatal (2) Substantial Minor Passenger Peli 2068 Destroyed Patal Cessna 4028 Destroyed Patal Cessna 4028 Destroyed Patal Cessna 4028 Destroyed Patal (2) Destroyed Passenger Peli 2061-1 Substantial Minor Passenger Peli 2069 Destroyed Patal (2) Destroyed Pata	Cleveland, OH	Cargo		Substantial	Nune	Collision with Airport Hazard
Lk MinchumIna,AK Passenger Hughes 369D Destroyed Minor Happy Camp,CA Passenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Fatal (4) Cargo Cargo Cesna U206F Substantial None U206 Substantial None U206F Substantial U206F Substantial U206F Substantial U206F Substantial U206F Substantial U206F Substantial U206F U206F Substantial U206F U206	Afton, WY	Passenger		Substantial	Miror	Engine railure or Malfunction
Happy Camp, CA Passenger Piper PA-32RT Destroyed Fatal (4) Origas, ID Cargo Aerospatiale SA316B Substantial None Cantwell, AK Passenger Cessna U2066 Substantial None Lil Diomede 1s, AK Passenger Piper PA-23 Destroyed Fatal (3) Lake Charles, LA Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Lake Charles, LA Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Golovin, AK Passenger Cessna 207A Substantial None Anchorage, AK Cargo Aerospatiale SA315B Destroyed Serious Dikeman, AK Cargo Aerospatiale SA315B Destroyed Serious Casna 185 Substantial None Grand 181e, LA Passenger Cessna 185 Substantial None Kilauea, HI Passenger Aerospatiale AS350D Substantial None Walalae Palls, HI Passenger Pell 206B Substantial None Kayenta, AZ Passenger Pell 206L-1 Substantial Minor Entherford, NJ Passenger Pliper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2) Destroyed	Lk Minchumina, AK	Passenger	Hughes 369D	Destroyed		Engine Fallure or Malfunction
Driggs, ID Cargo Aerospatiale SA316B Substantial None Gantwell, AK Passenger Cessna U206 Substantial None Lil Diomede is, AK Passenger Piper PA-23 Destroyed Fatal (3) Lake Charles, I.A Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Golovin, AK Passenger Piper PA-32R Substantial None Golovin, AK Passenger Cessna 207A Substantial None Driggs, ID Cargo Aerospatiale SA315B Destroyed Serious Charles, I.A Passenger Cessna 185 Substantial None Grand Isle, I.A Passenger Cessna 185 Substantial None Kilauea, III Passenger Beil 206B Substantial None Walalae Falls, HI Passenger Beil 206L-I Substantial None Kayenta, AZ Passenger Piper PA-34 Substantial None Walalae Falls, HI Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2) E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2) Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2) Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2)	Happy Camp, CA	Passenger	Piper PA-32RT	Destroyed		Collision with Trees
Cantwell, AK Passenger Cessna U206 Substantial None Big River, AK Cargo Cessna U206 Substantial None Lil Diomede is, AK Passenger Piper PA-23 Destroyed Fatal (3) Lik Clark Pass, AK Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Lake Charles, LA Passenger Piper PA-32R Substantial None Colovin, AK Passenger Cessna 207A Substantial None Driugs, ID Cargo Cessna 206 Substantial None Chricus, AK Cargo Cessna 185 Substantial None Kilauea, III Passenger Beil 2068 Destroyed Serious Kilauea, III Passenger Reil 2061-1 Substantial None Walalae Falls, Hi Passenger Reil 2061-1 Substantial None Kayenta, AZ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2) E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2) E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2) E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2)	Dr1ggs, ID	Cargo		Substantial	None	Tail Rotor Failure
Big River, AK Gargo Cessna U206 Substantial None Lil Diomede is, AK Passenger Piper PA-23 Destroyed Fatal (3) Lik Clark Pass, AK Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Lake Charles, LA Passenger Piper PA-32R Substantial None Golovin, AK Passenger Cessna 207A Substantial None Dribgs, ID Cargo Cessna 206 Substantial None Dribgs, LA Passenger Cessna 185 Substantial None Kilauea, III Passenger Beil 2068 Destroyed Serious Kilauea, III Passenger Reil 2061-1 Substantial None Walalae Falls, HI Passenger Reil 2061-1 Substantial None Kayenta, AZ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2) E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Pell 2068 Destroyed Fatal (2) E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2) E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Pell 2068 Destroyed Fatal (2) E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2)	Cantwell, AK	Passenger		Substantlal	None	Engine Hallure or Malfunction
Lit Diomede is, AK Passenger Piper PA-23 Destroyed Fatal (3) Lik Clark Pass, AK Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Lake Charles, LA Passenger Piper PA-32R Substantial None Golovin, AK Passenger Cessna 207A Substantial None Dribgs, ID Cargo Cessna 206 Substantial None Dribgs, LA Passenger Cessna 185 Substantial None Kilauea, III Passenger Beil 2068 Destroyed Serious Kilauea, III Passenger Beil 2068 Destroyed Serious Kilauea, LA Passenger Beil 2061-1 Substantial None Walalae Palls, HI Passenger Beil 2061-1 Substantial None Kayenta, AZ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2) E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Beil 2068 Destroyed Fatal (2) E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2)	Big River, AK	Cargo	Cessna U206	Substantial		
Lk Clark Pass, AK Passenger Piper PA-32 Substantial None Lake Charles, LA Passenger Piper PA-32R Substantial None Golovin, AK Passenger Cessna 207A Substantial None Dribgs, LD Cargo Aerospatiale SA315B Destroyed Serious Chargo Cessna 185 Substantial None Grand Isle, LA Passenger Cessna 185 Substantial None Kilauea, III Passenger Bell 206B Destroyed Serious Serious City, LA Passenger Bell 206B Destroyed Serious Substantial None Walalae Palls, HI Passenger Rell 2061-1 Substantial None Kayenta, AZ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2) Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2) E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Bell 206B Destroyed Fatal (2) Passenger Bell 206B Substantial Minor E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2)	Ltl Dlomede 13, AK	Passenger	Piper PA-23	Destroyed		
Lake Charles, LA Passenger Piper PA-32R Substantial None Golovin, AK Passenger Cessna 207A Substantial None Anchorage, AK Passenger Cessna 206 Substantial None Driggs, ID Cargo Aerospatiale SA315B Destroyed Serious Dikeman, AK Cargo Cessna 185 Substantial None Kilauea, III Passenger Bell 206B Destroyed Serious Iowa City, IA Passenger Bell 206B Destroyed Serious Malalae Palls, HI Passenger Rell 2061-1 Substantial None Kayenta, AZ Passenger Cessna 402B Substantial None Kayenta, AZ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2) E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2)	Lk Clark Pass, AK	Passenger	Piper PA-32	Substantlal	None	Propeller Mallure
Golovin, AK Passenger Cessna 207A Substantial None Anchorage, AK Passenger Cessna 206 Substantial None Dribgs, ID Cargo Aerospatiale SA315B Destroyed Serious Dikeman, AK Cargo Cessna 185 Substantial None Grand Isle, IA Passenger Cessna 185 Substantial None Kilauea, III Passenger Bell 206B Destroyed Serious Iowa City, IA Passenger Aerospatiale AS350D Substantial None Walalae Palis, HI Passenger Cessna 402B Substantial None Kayenta, AZ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2) E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2)	Lake Charles, LA	Passenger	Piper PA-32R	Substantial	None	Collision with Ditches
Anchorage, AK Passenger Gesna 206 Substantial None Dribs, 1D Cargo Gesna 1206 Bestroyed Serious Dikeman, AK Cargo Gesna 1206F Substantial None Grand 131e, 1A Passenger Bell 2068 Bestroyed Serious Kilauea, III Passenger Bell 2068 Bestroyed Serious Iowa City, IA Passenger Reil 2061-1 Substantial None Walalae Palls, HI Passenger Bell 2061-1 Substantial None Kayenta, AZ Passenger Cesna 4028 Substantial Minor E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2)	Golovín, AK	Passenger	Cessna 207A	Substant1a1	None	Collision with Ground/Water - Controlled
Drigs, iD Drigs, iD Drigs, iD Drigs, iD Orago Cargo Cessna 185 Crand 181e, IA Passenger Cessna 185 Iowa City, IA Walalae Palls, HI Passenger Reil 2068 Walalae Palls, HI Passenger Reil 2061-1 Kayenta, AZ E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Pel 1 2061-1 Cessna 4028 Substantial None Substantial Minor E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Pel 1 2069 E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Pel 206	Anchorage AK	Passenger		Substantial	None	Collision with Other
Dikeman, AK Cargo Cessna U206F Substantial None Grand Isle, LA Passenger Cessna 185 Substantial None Kilauea, III Passenger Beil 2068 Bestroyed Serious Iowa City, IA Passenger Reil 2066-1 Substantial None Walalae Palis, HI Passenger Beil 2061-1 Substantial None Kayenta, AZ Passenger Cessna 4028 Substantial Minor E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2)	Drives.10	Carko	tlale	Destroyed	Serious	Collision with Ground/Water - Uncontrolled
Grand Isle, I.A. Passenger Cessna 185 Substantial None Kilauea, III Passenger Beil 2068 Bestroyed Serious Lowa City, I.A. Passenger Aerospatiale AS350D Substantial None Walalae Palis, HI Passenger Beil 2061-1 Substantial None Kayenta, AZ Passenger Cessna 4028 Substantial Minor E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2)	Di keman, AK	Carko	U206F	Substantial	None	Collision with Other
Kilauea,III Passenger Beil 2068 bestroyed Serlous lowa City,IA Passenger Aerospatiale AS350D Substantial None Walalae Palis,HI Passenger Bell 2061-1 Substantial None Kayenta,AZ Passenger Cessna 4028 Substantial Minor E.Autherford,NJ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2)	Grand Isle.1A	Passenger	Cessna 185	Substantial	None	Wheels-down Landing in Water
lowa City, IA Passenger Aerospatiale AS350D Substantial None Walalae Falls, HI Passenger Bell 2061-1 Substantial None Kayenta, AZ Passenger Cesna 4028 Substantial Minor E. Putherford, NJ Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2)	Kilauea.III	Passenger	Be11 2068	Destroyed	Serlous	Roll Over
Passenger Bell 2061-1 Substantial None Passenger Cessna 4028 Substantial Minor Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2) Passenger Bell 2068 Destroyed	Iowa City.IA	Passenger	Aerospatiale AS350D	Substantial	None	Propeller/Rotor Fallure
Passenger Cessna 4028 Substantial Minor Passenger Piper PA-34 Destroyed Fatal (2) Passenger Bell 2008	Walalae Falls, HI	Passenger	Re11 2061,-1	Substantial	None	Roll Over
Passenger Ptper Pa-34 Destroyed Fatal (2) Passenger Hell 2008	Kayenta, AZ	Passenger	Cessna 4028	Substantial		Gear Collapsed
Passenger Bell 2008	E. Autherford, NJ	Passenger	Piper PA-34	Destroyed		Collision Between Aircraft - Both in Filght
	=======================================	Passenger	Be11 2068	Destroyed		

Type of Accident	Engine Failure or Malfunction Stall/Mush Engine Failure or Malfunction Wheels-up Landing	Wheels-up Larding Collision Between Aircraft - Both in Filght Collision with Snowbank Collision with Ground/Water - Controlled Engine Failure or Malfunction Main Rotor Failure	Engine Failure or Malfunction Collision with Ground/Water - Uncontrolled Collision with Wires/Poles Overshoot Wheels-down Landing in Water Collision with Trees Collision with Trees	Wires/Poles Building/s or Malfunction or Malfunction or Malfunction	Collision with Ground/Water - Controlled Undetermined Engine Pallure or Malfunction Collision with Ground/Water - Controlled Collision with Other Engine Failure or Malfunction Collision with Ground/Water - Controlled Stall/Mush Engine Failure or Malfunction
Type of	Engine Rai Stall/Mush Engine Rai Wheels-up	Wheels-u Collisto Collisto Collisto Engine H Main Rot Propelle	Engine Fa Collision Collision Oversboot Wheels-do Collision Collision	Stall Hard Landing Hard Landing Collision with Roll Over Collision with Engine Fallure Engine Fallure	Undetermined Brighe Failure Collision with Collision with Ergine Failure Collision with Ergine Failure Collision with Stali/Mush Frighte Failure
Degree of Injury	None Sertous None None	None Minor Serious Minor Minor	Minor Serlous None Minor None Minor Fatal (4)	Minor None None None None None None	None Patal (4) Minor Patal (2) Serious Patal (1) Patal (1) Minor
Aircaft Danage	Substantial Substantial Substantial Substantial Substantial	Substantial Minor Substantial Substantial Substantial Substantial	Destroyed Destroyed Substantial Destroyed Substantial Destroyed Destroyed	Substantial Substantial Substantial Destroyed Substantial Substantial Substantial Substantial	Substantial Destroyed Substantial Substantial Destroyed Destroyed Destroyed Destroyed
Alreraft Type	Beech V35A Gessna 207 Aerospatiale AS350D Piper PA-32R Beech G18S	Piper PA-60 Cessna 340 Beech A36 Piper PA-32 Bell 2061-1 Aerospatiale SA315B Beech 58	Heech 30 Bell 2061-1 Bech 18 Cessna 172N Cessna 185 Cessna 180 Piper PA-32 Cessna 425	Cessna 402c Aerospatiale SA316B Cessna 185 Beech V35A Bell 206B Piper PA-28R Bell 206L-1	Cessna 4020 Cessna 207A Beech E188 Cessna 185 Bell 206L-1 Aerospattale AS350D Cessna 4020 DeHav111and OffC-2 Cessna 340A
Type of Operation	Cargo Passerger Passerger Cargo Cargo	Passenger Passenger Passenger Passenger Passenger Passenger	Cargo Passenger Cargo Passenger Passenger Passenger	Passenger Passenger Cargo Cargo Passenger Passenger Passenger	rassenger Passenger Passenger Passenger Passenger Cargo Passenger
Location	Dallas,TX Akatchak,AK Houma,LA Rochester,NY Jacksonville,FL	Champalgn, IL Wayeross, GA Quinhagak, AK Port Helden, AK Sabine, TX Springville, UT Selma, AL	Marlborough, NY Ingleside, TX Chatchee, AL Hazard, KY Hidden Falls, AK Millinocket, ME Mount Pocono, PA Natchez, MS	Dickinson, ND Cokeville, WY Fort Yukon, AK Addison, TX Pruitland, UF Syracuse, NY Gulf of Mexico Tuntutuilak, AK Gulf of Mexico	McCook, NE Tyonek, AK Glen Burnie, MD Mt McKinley, AK Gulf of Mexico Gulf of Mexico Pullman, WA Big Pt Walter, AK Pueblo, CO
Date	10/07 10/12 10/12 10/12 10/12	10/13 10/14 10/16 10/19 10/20	10/27 10/30 11/02 11/11 11/11 11/15	11/18 11/20 11/27 11/29 12/03 12/04 12/04	12/10 12/15 12/15 12/15 12/21 12/24 12/28 12/31

In 1981 nonscheduled Part 135 operations, 484 persons were involved in accidents. Table 50 presents the number of persons involved in accidents, cross-tabulated by their role in the accident and the degree of injury. The percent of fatal injuries in nonscheduled operations (19.4) compares closely with that in scheduled operations (20.6) for 1981. The percentages of seriously injured persons are 7.6 (nonscheduled) and 14.6 (scheduled), and for persons receiving minor or no injuries, the percentages are 72.9 (nonscheduled) and 64.9 (scheduled).

Table 50 - PERSONS BY ROLE AND DEGREE OF INJURY

	-	Degree of	Injury	·	
	Fatal	Serious	Minor	None	Total
Pilot-in-Command Co-Pilot Extra Crew Cabin Attendant Passenger Person Aboard Other Aircraft Person on Ground	32 2 1 0 57 2	13 0 0 0 24 0	23 2 0 0 53 0	90 6 0 1 176 1 0	158 10 1 1 310 3
Total	94	37	79	274	484

Three accident types, controlled collision with ground or water, collisions with objects, and engine failure or malfunction, accounted for over half of the 1981 nonscheduled Part 135 accidents, and three-quarters of the fatal accidents (see Table 51). Controlled collision with ground or water accounted for 12.1 percent of the accidents, but 32.5 percent of the fatal accidents.

Table 51 ACCIDENTS BY TYPE AND DEGREE OF INJURY

		Degree of	Injury		Ac	cidents
Type of Accident	Fatal	Serious	Minor	None	No.	Percent
Airframe Failure in Flight	Ō	1	0.	0	1	0.6
Birdstrike	0	0	0	1	1	0.6
Collision Both Aircraft in Flight	2	0	0	1	3	1.9
Controlled Collision with Grnd/Wtr	13	2	5	2	19	12.1
Uncontrolled Collision with Grnd/Wtr	2	4	3	1	10	6.4
Collided with Objects	9	1	6	13	29	18.5
Engine Failure or Malfunction	8	1	11	16	36	22.9
Ground-Water Loop-Swerve	0	0	0	9	9	5.7
Hail Damage to Aircraft	0	0	0	1	1	0.6
Hard Landing	0	0	2	2	4	2.5
Landing Gear Collapsed	0	0	1	3	4	2.5
Landing Gear Retracted	0	0	0	. 2	2	1.3
Main Rotor Failure	0	0	1	0	1	0.6
Nose Over/Down	0	0	0	2	2	1.3
Overshoot	0	0	1	1	2	1.3
Propeller	0	0	0	5	2	1.3
Propeller/Rotor Accident to Person	1	1	0	0	2	1.3
Propeller/Rotor Failure	0	0	0	1	1	0.6
Roll Over	1	1	2	4	8	5.1
Stall	1	1	1	2	5	3.2
Stall-Mush	1	1 .	0	1	3	1.9
Tail Rotor Failure	0	0	0	2	2	1.3
Undershoot	0	0	1	0	1	0.6
Undetermined	. 2	0	0	0	2	1.3
Wheels-Down Landing in Water	. 0	0	0	2	2	1.3
Wheels-Up Landing	0	0	0	5	5	3.2
Accidents - Number	40	13	31	73	157	
- Percent	25.5	8.3	19.7	46.5		

Of the aircraft involved in accidents during nonscheduled Part 135 operations, all but two were destroyed or damaged substantially (see Table 52). Aircraft involved in controlled collisions with ground or water, collisions with objects, and engine failure or malfunction, accounted for 68.5 percent of the aircraft that were destroyed.

Table 52 - AIRCRAFT BY ACCIDENT TYPE AND DAMAGE

	Air	rcraft 1	Damage		scheduled 35 Aircraft
Type of Accident	Des	Sub	Minor	No.	Percent
Airframe Failure in Flight	0	1	0	1	0.6
Birdstrike	0	1	0	1	0.6
Collision both Aircraft in Flight	3	0	1	4	2.5
Controlled Collision with Grnd/Wtr	13	6	0	19	12.0
Uncontrolled Collision with Grnd/Wtr	6	74	0	10	6.3
Collided with Objects	12	17	0	29	18.4
Engine Failure or Malfunction	12	24	0	36	22.8
Ground-Water Loop-Swerve	0	9	0	9	5.7
Hail Damage to Aircraft	0	1	0	1	0.6
Hard Landing	0	4	0	4	2.5
Landing Gear Collapsed	0	4	0	4	2.5
Landing Gear Retracted	0	2	0	2	1.3
Main Rotor Failure	0	1	0	1	0.6
Nose Over/Down	0	2	0	2	1.3
Overshoot	1	1	0	2 2 2	1.3
Propeller	0	2	0	2	1.3
Propeller/Rotor Accident to Person	0	1	1	2	1.3
Propeller/Rotor Failure	0	1	0	1	0.6
Roll Over	2	6	0	8	5.1
Stall	. 1	4	0	5 3 2 1	3.2
Stall-Mush	. 1 2	1	0	3	1.9
Tail Rotor Failure	0	2	0	2	1.3
Undershoot	0	1	0	1	0.6
Undetermined	2	0	0	2	1.3
Wheels-down Landing in Water	- 0	2	0	2	1.3
Wheels-up Landing	0	5	0	5	3.2
Nonscheduled Part 135 Aircraft - Number - Percent	54 34.	102 2 64.6	2	158	
- reroem	J	_ 04.0	ر • ـ ـ ـ ر		

Aircraft in the initial climb and normal cruise phases of operation each accounted for 13.3 percent of the accident-involved aircraft in nonscheduled Part 135 operations. (See Table 53). Aircraft in the landing phases accounted for 39.9 percent of the total. Those in the takeoff phases accounted for 25.3 percent of the total, up from the 1980 figure of 19.3 percent.

Table 53 - AIRCRAFT BY PHASE OF OPERATION AND DEGREE OF INJURY

		Degree of	Injury			scheduled 35 Aircraft
Phase of Operation	<u>Fatal</u>	Serious	Minor	<u>None</u>	No.	Percent
Static		_			_	
Idling Engine(s)	0	1	0	0	1	0.6
Idling Rotors	0	0	0	1	1	0.6
Engine Runup	1	0	0	0	1	0.6
Taxi	^	0	^	_	2	
To Takeoff-Fixed Wing	0	0	0	2 4	2	1.3
From Landing-Fixed Wing	0	0	0		4 2	2.5
Other-Fixed Wing Takeoff	U	0	2	0	2	1.3
Rur:	0	0	٦	_	6	၁ 0
Initial Climb	9	0 5	1 1	5 6	21	3.8
Vertical	0	1	6		10	13.3 6.3
Aborted-Fixed Wing	0	Ô	1	3 2	3	1.9
In Flight	O	•	ı	۷	ر	1.9
Climb to Cruise	1	0	1	3	5	3.2
Normal Cruise	6	ĭ	6	3 8	21	13.3
Descent	ŏ	õ	1	4	5	3.2
Hover	ŏ	ŏ	2	ĺ	3	1.9
Buzzing	ì	Ö	ō	Õ	1	0.6
Uncontrolled Descent	ī	2	Ö	Õ		1.9
Low Pass	1	Ō	Ō	Ō	3 1	0.6
Other	4	1	Ō	Ó	5	3.2
Landing						3
Traffic Pattern-Circling	0	О	0	1	1	0.6
Final Approach (VFR)	4	0	4	3	11	7.0
Initial Approach	0	0	1	Ö	1	0.6
Final Approach (IFR)	8	0	0	1	9	5.7
Level-off/Touchdown	2	1	3	8	14	8.9
Roll-Fixed Wing	0	0	0	12	12	7.6
Power-on Landing-Rotorcraft	1	1	1	5	8	5.1
Go-around (VFR)	1	0	1	4	6	3.8
Unknown	1	0	0	0	1	0.6
Nonscheduled Part 135 Aircraft						
- Number	41	13	31	73	158	
- Percent	25.9	8.2	19.6	46.2		

Most (64.6 percent) of the 158 aircraft involved in accidents received substantial damage. (See Table 54) Aircraft involved in accidents during initial climb were destroyed in 11 of 21 cases (52.4 percent). In the remaining 10 cases, the aircraft received substantial damage.

Table 54 - AIRCRAFT BY PHASE OF OPERATION AND AIRCRAFT DAMAGE

	Air	reraft	Damage		cheduled 35 Aircraft
Phase of Operation	<u>Des</u>	Sub	Minor	No.	Percent
Static					_
Idling Engine(s)	0	0	1	1	0.6
Idling Rotors	, 0	1	0	1	0.6
Engine Runup	0	1	0	1	0.6
Taxi					
To Takeoff-Fixed Wing	0	2	0	2	1.3
From Landing-Fixed Wing	0	4	0	4	2.5
Other-Fixed Wing	0	2	0	5	1.3
Takeoff		_	_	_	2.0
Run	0	6	0	6	3.8
Initial Climb	11	10	0	21	13.3
Vertical	2	8	0	10	6.3
Aborted-Fixed Wing	0	3	0	3	1.9
In Flight		1.	•	_	2.0
Climb to Cruise	1	4	0	5	3.2
Normal Cruise	9	11	1	21	13.3
Descent	1	4	0	5 3 1 3	3.2
Hover	0	3	0	3	1.9
Buzzing	1	0	0	1	0.6
Uncontrolled Descent	3	0	0	3	1.9
Low Pass		0	0		0.6
Other	3	2	0	5	3.2
Landing	•	-	0	-	0.6
Traffic Pattern-Circling	0	1	0	1	0.6
Final Appoach (VFR)	6	5	0	11	7.0
Initial Approach	1 8	0	0	1	0.6
Final Approach (IFR)	0	1	0	9	5.7
Level-off/Touchdown	3 0	11 12	0 0	14 12	8.9
Roll-Fixed Wing	1	7		8	7.6 5.3
Power-on Landing-Rotorcraft	2	4	0	6	5.1 3.8
Go-around (VFR)	1	0	0	1	0.6
Unknown				1.	0.0
Nonscheduled 14 CFR 135 Aircraft			•		
- Number	54	102	2 5 1.3	158	
- Percent	34.	2 64.6) 1.3		

In Table 55, the accident-involved aircraft are cross-tabulated by accident type and the general phase of operation during which the accident occurred. Almost 23 percent of the aircraft were involved in an engine failure or malfunction type of accident. Of the 36 aircraft involved in this type accident, 26 (72.2 percent) were single engine aircraft. Seventeen of those 26 (65.4 percent) were helicopters.

Table 55 - AIRCRAFT BY TYPE OF ACCIDENT AND PHASE OF OPERATION

	<u></u>		Phase	of Operati	.on			eduled Aircraft
Type of Accident	Static	<u>Taxi</u>	Takeoff	Inflight	Landing	Unknown	Number	Percent
Airframe Failure in Flight Birdstrike	0	0	1 0	0 1	0	0	1 1	0.6 0.6
Collision Both Aircraft	-						_	
InFlight	0	0	0	2	2	0	4	2.5
Controlled Collision								
with Ground/Water	0	0	1	9	9	0	19	12.0
Uncontrolled Collision						_		<i>r</i> ~
with Ground/Water	0	0	4	5	1	0	10	6.3
Collided with Objects	0	7	5	5	12	0	29	18.4
Engine Failure or Malfunction	ı 0	0	13	16	7	0	36	22.8
Ground-Water Loop-Swerve	0	0	2	0	7	0	9	5.7
Hail Damage to Aircraft	0	0	0	1	Ô	0	1	0.6
Hard Landing	0	0	0	0	4	0	4	2.5
Landing Gear Collapsed	0	1	1	Ō	2	0	4	2.5 1.3
Landing Gear Retracted	0	0	0	Ō	2	0	5	
Main Rotor Failure	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.6
Nose Over/Down	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	1.3
Overshoot	. 0	0	0	Ō	2	0	5	1.3 1.3
Propeller	0	0	1	1	0	0	ح	7.3
Propeller/Rotor Accident				_	•	•	2	1 2
to Person	2	0	0	0	0	0	5	1.3 0.6
Propeller/Rotor Failure	0	0	Ó	1	0	0	100	
Roll over	1	0	4	0	3	Ó	8	5.1 3.2
Stall	0	0	3	0	2	Ŏ	5 3 2	
Stall-Mush	0	Ç	3	0	0	0	Š	1.9 1.3
Tail Rotor Failure	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0.6
Undershoot	0	0	0	0	1 0		5	1.3
Undetermined	0	0	1	. 0		1 0	2	1.3
Wheels-down Landing in Water	0	0	0	0	5	0	5	3.5
Wheels-up Landing	0	0	0	0	5			₽* ←
Nonscheduled Part 135 Aircra - Number - Percent	ft 3 1.9	8 9 5.	40 1 25.3	44 27.8	62 39 . 2	10.6	158	

Table 56 is a summary of the light and weather conditions at the time of occurrence of the nonscheduled Part 135 accidents. Most of the accidents occurred under VFR in daylight conditions.

Table 56 - ACCIDENTS BY CONDITION OF LIGHT AND TYPE OF WEATHER CONDITIONS

	Туре	of We	eather Cond	ditions_	Ac	<u>cidents</u>
Condition of Light	<u>VFR</u>	<u>IFR</u>	Below <u>Minimums</u>	Unknown	<u>No.</u>	Percent
Daylight Dusk Night (Dark) Night (Moonlight-Bright)	101 2 11 4	19 2 9 0	1 0 3 <u>1</u>	3 0 1 0	124 4 24 5	79.0 2.5 15.3 3.2
Accidents - Number - Percent	118 75.2	30 19.1	5 3•2	4 2 . 5	157	

The number of aircraft by damage and degree of injury are presented in Table 57. As could be expected, a high degree of correlation exists between aircraft that are destroyed and fatal accidents. The aircraft was destroyed in 82.9 percent of the fatal accidents. However, the most frequently occurring combination of aircraft damage and degree of injury was substantial damage and no injury, which occurred in 69 accidents (43.7 percent).

Table 57 - AIRCRAFT BY DAMAGE AND DEGREE OF INJURY

		Degree of	f Injury	·		cheduled 35 Aircraft
Aircraft Damage	Fatal	Serious	Minor	<u>None</u>	No.	Percent
Destroyed Substantial Minor	34 7 0	8 4 1	9 22 0	3 69 <u>1</u>	54 102 <u>2</u>	34.2 64.6 1.3
Nonscheduled Part 135 Aircraft - Number - Percent	41 25•9	13 8.2	31 19.6	73 46.2	158	

It can be seen in Table 58 that aircraft operated in passenger service constituted 74 percent of the accident-involved aircraft in nonscheduled Part 135 operations and 73.2 percent of the aircraft in fatal accidents. Accidents involving passenger operations accounted for 80 fatalities (83.3 percent of the total).

Table 58 - AIRCRAFT BY TYPE OF OPERATION AND DEGREE OF INJURY

		Degree of	Injury		-	heduled 5 Aircraft
Type of Operation	Fatal	Serious	Minor	None	No.	Percent
Domestic Passenger Domestic Cargo Military Contract Cargo International Passenger		10 2 1 0	25 5 0 1	51 21 1 0	116 39 2 1	73.4 24.7 1.3 0.6
Nonscheduled Fart 135 Aircraft - Number - Percent	41 25 . 9	13 8.2	31 19.6	73 46.2	158	·

Table 59 presents a cross-tabulation of the accident-involved aircraft by proximity to the airport and the type of flight plan filed. When compared to data for scheduled Part 135 operations, as presented in Table 38, it can be seen that the greatest percentage differences in the type of flight plan are in the categories "None" (38.0 percent for nonscheduled and 12.9 percent for scheduled), and "IFR" (20.3 percent for nonscheduled compared to 48.4 percent for scheduled). Just over half of the accidents involving scheduled operations occurred on the airport, while most of the accidents (44.3 percent) involving nonscheduled operations occurred beyond 5 miles from the airport.

Table 59 AIRCRAFT BY PROXIMITY TO AIRPORT AND FLIGHT PLAN

Table 59	-	A INCHAFIL BY	- 1	PROXIMITI TO ATHEON				() () ()
				Filight Plan			Nonso Part 1	Monseneduled Part 135 Aircraft
Proximity to Airport	None	VFR	IFR	VFH Filght Follow	Special VFR	Other	No	Percent
On Airport On Seavlane Base	13	10	12 0	1 0 •	000	NOC	41	25.9 1.9 0.6
On Heliport On Barge/Ship Platform In Traffic Pattern	1 2 0	007	000	10	000	100	- 25	1.3
Miles from Airport Within 1/4	- S	0 5	ウュ	000	000	α	10	0 W -
1/2+ to 3/4 3/4+ to 1	10 -	0	0010	000	000	000		040
2+ to 3 3+ to 4	\$ 1 ℃ i	0 0 17	, m o m	00#		1 50 7	7 10 70	0.0 0.0 0.0
Unknown/Not Reported		0	0	0	0	0	7	•
Nonscheduled Part 135 Alrcraft - Number - Percent	60 38.0	33 0 20 . 9	32 9 20.3	7 .3 4.4	1.0.6	25 15.8	158	

As can be seen from Table 60, the pilot was cited as a cause or factor in 75.2 percent of the accidents of nonscheduled 14 CFR 135 operations; the pilot was cited in 80 percent of the fatal accidents. The cause/factor cited next most often was weather — in 36.9 percent of the accidents, and 55 percent of the fatal accidents. Appendix D contains a detailed cause/factor listing for accidents involving nonscheduled 14 CFR 135 operations.

Table 60 - BROAD CAUSE/FACTOR ASSIGNMENTS*

					Cited as Either	Elther
	Cited as	ited as a Cause	Cited as	Cited as a Factor	Factor (or Both	or a
Cause/Factor	Fata1 Accidents	A11. Accidents	Fatal Accidents	All Accidents	Fatal Accidents	All. Accidents
Pilot	31	117	6	18	32	118
Weather	 1	2	21	56	22	28
Powerplant	_	35	0	ĸ	_	34
Personnel	9	27	M	∞	∞	33
Terrain	0	0	ĸ	33	Ŋ	33
Alrport/Alrways/Facilites	0	2	0	15	0	1.7
Systems	~	77	0	3		σ.
Rotorcraft	0	9	0	2	0	∞
Landing Gear	~~·i	9	0	1	~	_
Miscellaneous	0	m	0	m	0	9
Undetermined	8	m	0	0	2	m
Airframe	0		0	0	0	 1
Number of Accidents with Cause(s) Assigned					40	157

cited. In the case of collisions between nonscheduled Part 135 aircraft and other aircraft, causes and factors for the other aircraft and their personnel are not included in the table. Multiple causes and factors may be assigned in an The table presents the number of accidents for which each Cause/Factor accident.

HISTORICAL COMPARISON

In terms of accidents and fatal accidents, 1981 had a slightly better record than 1980. (See Table 61). However, in comparing accident rates, 1981 was worse that 1980 and three of the five other base period years for total accidents. The 1981 fatal accident rate also was up from 1980, and was worse than four of the five remaining base period years. The statistics from Table 61 are presented graphically in Figures 5 and 6.

Table 61 - ACCIDENTS, FATAL ACCIDENTS, FATALITIES, AND RATES

				Fatalities
<u>Year</u>	Accidents	Fatal Accidents	<u>Total</u>	Aboard Nonscheduled 14 CFR 135 Aircraft
1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981	152 137 158 198 160 171 157	24 31 31 54 30 46 40	69 100 118 155 77 105 94	69 97 115 152 73 101 92

Accident	Pat	ce	per	100,000
			urs	Flown

Year	Hours Flown	Total	Fatal
1975	2,526,271	6.017	0.950
1976	2,703,203	5.068	1.147
1977	3,304,220	4.782	0.938
1978	3,545,753	5.584	1.523
1979	3,684,321	4.343	0.814
1980	3,617,724	4.727	1.272
1981	2,895,827	5.422	1.381

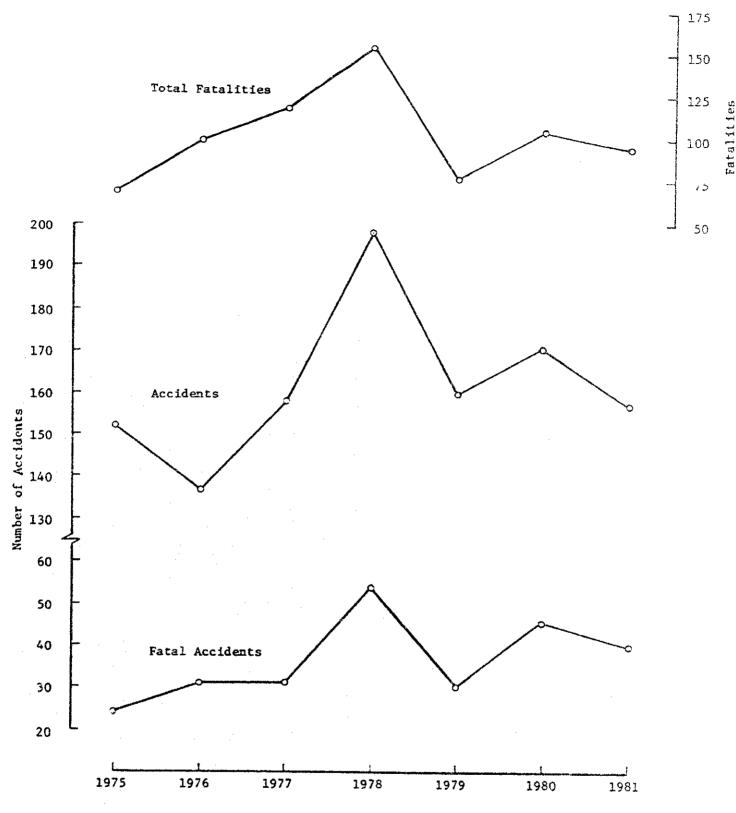


Figure 5 - ACCIDENTS, FATAL ACCIDENTS, AND FATALITIES
-71-

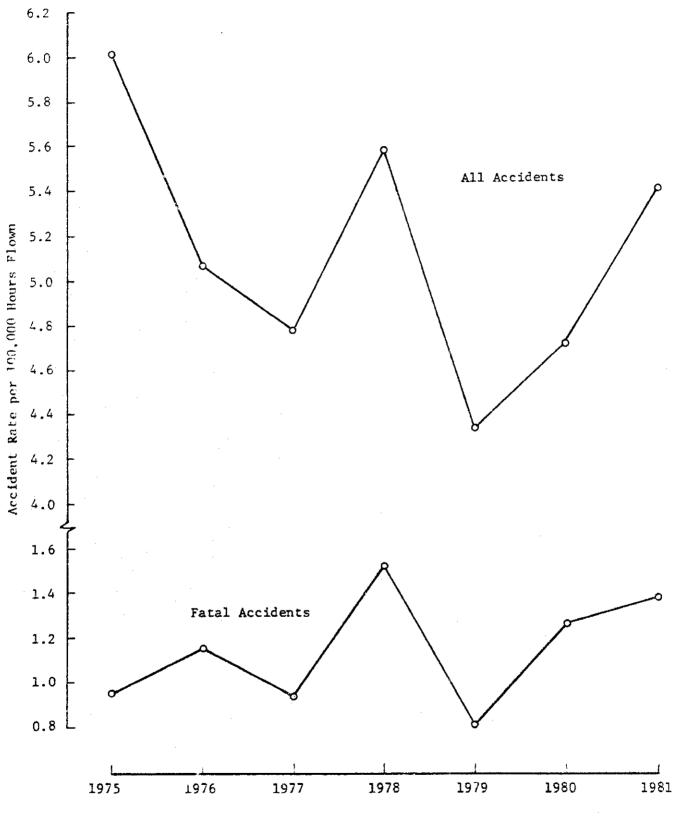


Figure 6 - ACCIDENT RATES -72-

Engine failure or malfunction was, once again, the most frequently occurring accident type in nonscheduled Part 135 operations, representing 22.9 percent of the total. Collisions with trees, wires, and other objects, and controlled collisions with the ground or water, accounted for an additional 30.6 percent of the accident types. As can be seen in Table 62, these numbers compare closely with the mean for the base period. Both overshoot and nose over/down accident types in 1981 were considerably below the mean. The number of rotorcraft roll overs, however, increased to eight from the 5-year mean of 3.4.

Table 62 - MOST PREVALENT TYPES OF ACCIDENTS

		1981	1976	5-1980
Type of Accident	No.	Percent	Mean	Percent
Engine Failure or Malfunction Collision with Trees, Wires, Objects Controlled Collision with Grnd/Wtr Ground-Water Loop-Swerve Stall Uncontrolled Collision with Grnd/Wtr Hard Landing Overshoot Nose Over/Down Rotor Failure Landing Gear Collapsed Collision Between Aircraft Gear Retracted Roll Over-Rotorcraft Undershoot	36 29 19 14 22 34 32 81	22.9 18.5 12.1 5.7 5.1 6.4 2.5 1.3 1.9 2.5 1.9 1.3 5.1	16.0	
(All Other Types)	17	10.8	<u>16.8</u>	10.2
Total	157	100.0	164.8	100.0

As shown in Table 63, three accident types accounted for 75 percent of fatal accidents in 1981, but only 53.1 percent during the base period. These accident types, controlled collision with ground or water, collision with trees, wires and other objects, and engine failure or malfunction, occurred in numbers substantially above their means for the base period. Fatal uncontrolled collisions with the ground or water occurred less than half as often as the mean for the base period.

Table 63 MOST PREVALENT TYPES OF FATAL ACCIDENTS

		1981	1976	5-1980
Type of Accident	<u>No.</u>	Percent	Mean	Percent
Controlled Collision with Grnd/Wtr Uncontrolled Collision with Grnd/Wtr Collision with Trees, Wires, Objects Engine Failure or Malfunction Stall Airframe Failure in Flight Collision Between Aircraft Rotor Failure Missing Aircraft/Not Recovered Turbulence Undetermined	13 9 8 2 0 2 0 0 0 2	32.5 5.0 22.5 20.0 5.0 0.0 5.0 0.0 0.0	9.8 5.4 5.0 3.6 1.6 1.8 0.8	25.5 14.1 14.6 13.0 8.9 4.2 4.2 3.6 2.1 2.1
(All Other Types)		5.0	2.2	5.7
Total	40	100.0	38.4	100.0

In 1981, as in the preceding 5 years, accidents occurred most often in the landing phase of operation. This was also true for fatal accidents, the number of which was almost double that of the mean for the base period. (See Tables 64 and 65). The accidents and fatal accidents occurring during the in flight phase of operation in 1981 fell below the base period mean.

Table 64 - PHASE OF OPERATION FOR ACCIDENT-INVOLVED NONSCHEDULED 14 CFR 135 AIRCRAFT

		1981	1976	5-1980
Phase of Operation	No.	Percent	Mean	Percent
Landing In Flight Takeoff Taxi Static Unknown	62 44 40 8 3	39.2 27.8 25.3 5.1 1.9 0.6	62.6 53.2 35.4 9.8 3.2 1.6	37.8 32.1 21.4 5.9 1.9
Total Nonscheduled Part 135 Aircraft	158	100.0	165.8	100.0

Table 65 - PHASE OF OPERATION FOR FATAL ACCIDENT-INVOLVED NONSCHEDULED 14 CFR 135 AIRCRAFT

		1981	1976	5-1980
Phase of Operation	<u>No.</u>	Percent	Mean	Percent
In Flight Landing Takeoff Unknown Static Taxi	14 16 9 1 1 0	34.1 39.0 22.0 2.4 2.4 0.0	21.2 8.4 6.4 1.6 0.6 0.4	54.9 21.8 16.6 4.1 1.6 1.0
Total Nonscheduled Part 135 Aircraft	41	100.0	38.6	100.0

The broad cause/factors and their frequency of citation for accidents and fatal accidents are listed in Tables 66 and 67, respectively. Rotorcraft, which was cited as a cause/factor in 3.2 percent of all accidents for the base period, was cited in 5.1 percent of the 1981 nonscheduled Part 135 accidents. For fatal accidents, rotorcraft was cited 9.9 percent of the time during the base period, but jumped to 17.5 percent in 1981.

Table 66 - BROAD CAUSE/FACTOR ASSIGNMENTS* - ALL ACCIDENTS

	·	1981	1976	-1980
Cause/Factor	No.	Percent	Mean	Percent
Pilot Weather Terrain Personnel Powerplant Airport/Airways/Facilities Landing Gear Miscellaneous Rotorcraft Undetermined Systems Airframe Instruments/Equipment & Accessories	118 58 33 34 17 7 6 8 3 9	75.2 36.9 21.0 21.7 10.8 4.5 3.8 5.1 1.9 5.6 0.0	124.0 51.8 33.0 30.8 25.6 11.4 6.6 5.2 4.0 2.0 2.0	15.6 11.3 6.9 4.0 3.2 2.4 1.9
Number of Accidents with Cause(s) Assigned	157		164.4	

^{*} The table presents the number of accidents for which each cause/factor was cited. In the case of collisions between nonscheduled Part 135 aircraft and other aircraft, causes and factors for the other aircraft and their personnel are not included in the table. Multiple causes and factors may be assigned in an accident.

Table 67 - BROAD CAUSE/FACTOR ASSIGNMENTS* - FATAL ACCIDENTS

	 	1981	1976	5-1980
Cause/Factor	<u>No.</u>	Percent	Mean	Percent
Pilot Weather Personnel Terrain Powerplant Undetermined	32 22 8 5 7 2	80.0 55.0 20.0 12.5 17.5	31.8 19.6 7.6 5.8 3.8 2.8	83.2 51.3 19.9 15.2 9.9 7.3
Rotorcraft Miscellaneous Instruments/Equipment & Accessories Airframe Airport/Airways/Facilities Systems Landing Gear	0 0 0 0 0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 2.5 2.5	2.0 1.8 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.2	5.2 4.7 2.6 2.1 1.6 1.6 0.5
Number of Accidents with Cause(s) Assigned	40		38.2	

^{*} The table presents the number of fatal accidents for which each cause/factor was cited. In the case of collisions between non-scheduled Part 135 aircraft and other aircraft, causes and factors for the other aircraft and their personnel are not included in the table. Multiple causes and factors may be assigned in an accident.

- /s/ Jim Burnett
 Chairman

 /s/ Patricia A. Goldman
 Vice Chairman
- /s/ G.H. Patrick Bursley Member

APPENDIX A

EXPLANATORY NOTES

EXPLANATORY NOTES

AIRCRAFT ACCIDENT: The accidents included herein are the occurrences incident to flight in which, "as a result of the operation of an aircraft, any person (occupant or nonoccupant) receives fatal or serious injury or any aircraft receives substantial damage." The definition of substantial damage is:

- (1) Substantial damage means damage or failure which adversely affects the structural strength, performance, or flight characteristics of the aircraft, and which would normally require major repair or replacement of the affected component.
- (2) Engine failure, damage limited to an engine, bent fairings or cowling, dented skin, small punctured holes in the skin or fabric, ground damage to rotor or propeller blades, damage to landing gear, wheels, tires, flaps, engine accessories, brakes, or wingtips are not considered "substantial damage."

AIRCRAFT-MILES: The distance flown by aircraft in terms of great circle airport-to-airport distances measured in statute miles.

CAUSES AND RELATED FACTORS: In determining probable cause(s) of an accident, all facts, conditions, and circumstances are considered. The objective is to ascertain those cause and effect relationships in the accident sequence about which something can be done to prevent recurrence of the type of accident under consideration. Accordingly, for statistical purposes, where there are two or more causes of an accident, each is recorded and no attempt is made to establish a primary cause. Therefore, in the cause and related factor table, the figures shown in the columns dealing with cause will exceed the total number of accidents. The term "factor" is used, in general, to denote those elements of an accident that further explain or supplement the probable cause(s); this provides a means for collecting essential items of information that could not be readily categorized elsewhere in the system.

COLLISION BETWEEN AIRCRAFT: Collisions between aircraft are so classified only when both aircraft are occupied. This includes collisions wherein both aircraft are airborne (midair); one is airborne, the other on the ground; and both are on the ground. A collision with a parked, unoccupied aircraft is classified under the broad category of collison with objects.

FATAL INJURY: Any injury which results in death within 30 days of the accident.

INJURY INDEX: Injury index refers to the highest degree of personal injury sustained as a result of the accident.

NONSCHEDULED SERVICE: Revenue flights that are not operated in regular scheduled service, such as charter flights, and all nonrevenue flights incident to such flights.

PASSENGER-MILES: One passenger transported 1 mile. Passenger-miles are computed by the summation of the products of the aircraft-miles flown on each inter-airport flight multiplied by the number of passengers carried on the flight.

PERSONNEL (NON-PILOT): As defined for the Broad Cause/Factor tables may include any of the following personnel:

Rules, Regulations, Standards Personnel
Maintenance, Servicing, Inspection Personnel
Weather Service Personnel
Airport Management
Production-Design Personnel
Ground Jignalman
Passenger
Driver of Vehicle
Flight Engineer
Radi Operator
Othe Flight Personnel

Flight Instructor on Ground
Operational Supervisory Personnel
Air Traffic Control Personnel
Airways Facilities Personnel
Pilot of Another Aircraft
Ground Crewman
Spectator
Third Pilot
Navigator
Flight Attendant
Dispatching Personnel

PHASE OF OPERATION: The particular phase of the flight or operation will be that phase of flight in which the first accident type or circumstance occurred. In the event that both the first and second type of accident occur in one operational phase, the same phase is recorded twice.

REVENUE PASSENGER: A person receiving air transportation from an air carrier for which remuneration is received by the air carrier. Air carrier employees and others receiving air transportation for which a token service charge is levied are considered nonrevenue passengers.

REVENUE PLANE-MILES: The total plane-miles flown in revenue service.

ROTORCRAFT (BROAD CAUSE/FACTOR): When any part, assembly, or system which is unique to rotorcraft is cited as a cause or factor, then "Rotorcraft" is considered a broad cause or factor in that accident.

SERIOUS INJURY: Any injury which 1) requires hospitalization for more than 48 hours, commencing within 7 days from the date the injury was received; 2) results in a fracture of any bone (except simple fractures of fingers, toes, or nose); 3) involves lacerations which cause severe hemorrhages, nerve, muscle, or tendon damage; 4) involves injury to any internal organ; or 5) involves second-or third-degree burns, or any burns affecting more than 5 percent of body surface.

TYPE OF ACCIDENT: The type of accident relates to the circumstances involved in the accident; it indicates what happened. Two separate types may be recorded for one accident. The selection of first and second type is made according to the sequence in which the circumstances occurred.

TYPES OF WEATHER CONDITIONS: The types of weather conditions (VMC/IMC) are determined in accordance with the prescribed minima in Part 91 of the Federal Aviaiton Regulations. These minima pertain to the ceiling and visibility, in conjunction with the type of airspace at the accident site. Type of weather conditions are based on surface weather as determined from officially recognized sources. Weather conditions encountered in flight are not necessarily representative of the flight plan classifications VFR/IFR as carried under Type of Weather Conditions.

APPENDIX B

CAUSE/FACTOR TABLE 14 CFR 121 ACCIDENTS

CAUSEZFACTUR TABLE - 14 CFR 121 ACCIDENTS - 1981

(EXCLUDES ACCIDENTS WITHOUT CAUSAL ASSIGNMENT) 26 TOTAL ACCIDENTS INVOLVES INVOLVES

	LATAL ACCIDENTS	ALL ACCIDENTS	
DETAILED CAUSE/FACTOR	CAUSE FACTUR TOTAL	CAUSE FACTOR TOTAL	= !
** FILOT **			
FILOT IN COMMAND CONTINUED VER FLIGHT, INTO ADVERSE WEATHER CONDITIONS DELAYED IN INITIATING GO-AROUND RETRACTED GEAR FREHATURELY FAILED TO FOLLOW AFFROVED FROCEDURES, DIRECTIVES ETC INFROFER OPERATION OF BRAKES AND/OR FLIGHT TAXIED/FARKED WITHOUT PROFER ASSISTANCE MISJUDGED DISTANCE AND ALTITUDE MISJUDGED ALTITUDE AND CLEARANCE MISJUDGED CLEARANCE FAILED TO MAINTAIN DIRECTIONAL CONTROL		ਜ ਜਿਜਦਾਜਦ ਦੇ ਜਿਜਦਾਜ	neeeeneeee
SUBTOTAL		10 1 1	_
COFILOT MISJURGED CLEARANCE		71	€4
SUBTOTAL		24	₹.
AR PERSONNEL WA			
FULES, REGULATIONS, STANDARUS FERSONNEL FLIGHT INSTRUCTOR MAINTENANCE, SERVICING, INSPECTION INADEQUATE INSPECTION OF AIRCRAFTCHAINTENANCE FERSONNEL INADEQUATE HAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION OTHER OFFRATIONAL SUFERVISORY PERSONNEL FAILURE TO PROVIDE ADEQ DIRECTIVES, MANUALS, EQUIPMENT NEATHER PERSONNEL AIRPORT SUFERVISORY FERSONNEL AIRMAYS FACILITIES FERSONNEL FRODUCTION DESIGN FURSONNEL FOOR/INADEQUATE DESIGN		N	01

FERSONNEL (CONTINUED)	FATAL ACCTINENTS	ALL ACCIDENTS	:
RETAILED CAUSE/FACTOR	CAUSE FACTOR TOTAL	CAUSE FACTOR TOTAL	P1
OTUED			
MISCELLANFOUS-PERSONNEL		m	m
SKUUNI CREWIAN FASSENGER		m -	**)
BRIVER OF VEHICLE OTHER			-
THIRD FILOT	_	-	•
FLIGHT ENGINEER			
FLIGHT FENSORMEL FLIGHT AND YOUR CONTROLL AND CAREFUL ONLY OF		6 1	^
	α .	6 6	다 4
SURTOTAL			
** AIRFRAME **			
WINGS FUSELAGE			
LANDING GEAR NORMAL RETRACTION/EXTENSION ASSEMBLY FLIGHT CONTROL SURFACES		#	~
** FOWERFLANT **			
ENGINE STRUCTURE JUNITION SYSTEM FUEL SYSTEM LURRICATING SYSTEM COOLING SYSTEM FROFELLER AND ACCESSORIES EXHAUST SYSTEM ENGINE ACCESSORIES ENGINE CONTROLS FOURTRELS			
MISCELLANEOUS FOUERFLANI FAILURE FOR UNUETERMENTER REASONS COMPRESSOR STALLS		1 1	C4
REDUCTION GEAR ASSEMBLY COMPRESSOR ASSEMBLY ACADING CONTROL CONTROL CHART		-	
MHEEL FURBINE		_	-

FOWERFLANT (CONTINUED)	FATAL ACCIDENTS	ALL ACCIDENTS	
DETAILED CAUSE/FACTOR ACCESSORY DRIVE ASSEMBLY LUFRICATING SYSTEM	CAUSE FACTOR 1010L	20	
FUEL STSTEM SAFETY SYSTEM TORQUEMETER ATERIES			
EXAMELED SYSTEM THRUST REVERSER PROPELLER SYSTEM CONSTANT CREEK PADDIL	ì		
FOWER LEVER PROFELLER LEVER REVIRSE THRUST LEVER END:NE INDICATING EQUIPMENT			
SUBTOTAL		5 1 6	
** SYSTEMS **			
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM SUITCHES SUITCHES HYDRAULIC SYSTEM FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS ANTI-ICING, DE-ICING SYSTEMS ANTI-ICING, HEATING AND PRESSURIZATION AUTO FILCOT FIRE WARNING SYSTEM FOWERPLANT FIRE EXTINGUISHER SYSTEM OXYGEN SYSTEM		1 1	
SUBTOTAL	1 1	1 1 2	
** INSTRUMENTS/EQUIPMENT AND ACCESSORIES **			
FLIGHT AND NAVIGATION INSTRUMENTS COMMUNICATIONS AND NAVIGATION FULLEMENT MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT OTHER	1 1	1	

CAUSE/FACTOR TABLE - 14 CFR 121 ACCIDENTS - 1981

AIRPORTS/AIRWAYS/FACILITIES (CONTINUED)	I ATAL	FATAL ACCINENTS	1.8	ALL	ALL ACCIPENTS	
DETAILED CAUSE/FACTOR	CAUSE FACTOR	FACTOR	TOTAL	CAUSE F	ACTO	TOTAL
FACILITIES			1 1 ;		,	•
WEI KUNWAY OTHER ATRUAYS FACTITTES					7 7	- 2
SUBTOTAL				ψđ	m	ব
** WEATHER **						
LOW CEILING						*** **
ICING CONDITIONS-INCLUDES SLEET, FREEZING RAIN, ETC UNFAVORABLE WIND CONDITIONS						
				- 4	t <u></u>	· <
SURTOTAL				ъ	دا	10
** MISCELLANEOUS **						
BIRD COLLISION VORTEX TURBULENCE FOREIGN OBJECT DAMAGE FOREIGN MATERIAL AFFECTING NORMAL OPERATIONS				ਜਿਜਾ 10 ਜ		
SUBTOTAL				₹0		9
GRAND TOTAL	9	5	10	48	17	65
** MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONFITIONS **						
CREW COORDINATION-FOOR IMPROPER EMERGENCY PROCEDURES INSTRUCTIONS-MISINTERFRETED SEAT BELT NOT FASTENED				ਦ ਦਾ 10 ਦ		*** *** *** *C ***
FFM-UNCONTROLLARLE-DVEKSFEED WINDSHIELD, DIRTY, FOGGY, EIC-RESTRICTED VISION FIRE IN FNGINE				ि पर्स्य पर्स	-	
FIRE IN BRANES/ WHEEL ASSEMBLY/ WHEEL WELL ICE-WINDSHIELD				m	~	n em em

CAUSEZFACTOR TABLE - 14 CFR 121 ACCIDENTS - 1981

CAUSE FACTOR 10TAL

MISCELLANEOUS ACTS, COMBITIONS (CONTINUED)	FATAL ACCIDENTS	Ų.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	!
DETAILED CAUSE/FACTOR	CAUSE FALTOR TOTAL	TAL
		1
INTERFERENCE WITH FLIGHT CONTROLS		
LACK OF LUBRICATION-SPECIFIC FART, NOT SYSTEM		
SEAT RELT SIGN OFF		
MATERIAL FAILURE		-
LEAK/LEAKAGE		
INI ANACE		
FINDING	1	-
FURST		
ERRATIC	.	
OVERHEATED		
SEAT RELT SIGN ON		
RAN DEF END OF RUNEAY		

RIRECT ENTRY CAUSES

FERSONNEL-FAILED TO FOLLOW SAFETY FROCEDUKES.

DIRECT ENTRY CAUSES ARE CARRIED UNDER THEIR APPROPRIATE CAUSAL CATEGORIES AND ARE INCLUDED IN THE TOTALS

APPENDIX C

CAUSE/FACTOR TABLE SCHEDULED 14 CFR 135 ACCIDENTS

(EXCLUBES ACCIDENTS WITHOUT CAUSAL ASSIGNMENT)

31 TOTAL ACCIDENTS
9 FATAL ACCIDENTS

INVOLVES INVOLVES

	ratat	FATAL ACCIBENTS	-1 S	ALL	ACC1 HENTS	
DETAILED CAUSE/FACTOR	CAUSE FA	CHER	TOTAL	CAUSE FACTOR	CAUSE FACTOR TOTAL	: : :
## PILOT #*						
FILOT IN COMMAND RECAME LOSIZNISORIENTED CONTINUED OFFICE WEATHER CONFILIONS RELATIONS	w4 PD		1 %	ਜਨਦ		 ≈: €•
FAILED TO SEE AND AVOID OTHER ATRCRAFT FAILED TO DETAIN/HAINTAIN FLYING SFEED FAILED TO FOLLOW AFFROVED FROCEDURES, DIRECTIVES ETC	und seek see	-		ਦਿਦ ਨ		17
INFROFER IFN DFERNION IMPROFER IN-FLIGHT DECISIONS OR FLANNING INADERUATE FREFLIGHT FREFARATION AND/OK FLANNING HISHANAGEMENT OF FUEL	al about) and [¹] and 4		
HISJUUGED DISTANCE AND SPFED HISUSED OR FAILED TO USE FLAPS FAILED TO MAINTAIN DIRECTIONAL CONTROL				 }•3	-	
SURTOTAL	9	-	5	19	5.	č.
COPILOT INADEGUATE FREFLIGHT FREFARATION AND/OR FLANNING				1		
## PERSONNEL ##						
RULES, REGULATIONS, STANDARDS FERSONNEL FLIGHT INSTRUCTUR		-	1		1	_
MAINTENANCE, SEKVICING, INSFECTION IMPROFER MAINTENANCE (MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL) IMPROFERLY SERVICEA AIRCRAFICGROUND CREW) INADEQUATE MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION				m		E
				۲3		र्व
TRAFFIC CONTROL PERSONNEL OTHER	****		-	H		
AIRFORT SUPERVISORY PERSONNEL FAILURE TO NOTIFY OF UNSAFF CONFZAND OR FAILURE TO MAKE AIRWAYS FACILITIES FERSONNEL					***	****

	FAL) Ju	ENIS	AL.I.	ALL ACCIDENTS	118
CAUSE/	LAUST FA	· <u>-</u>	K TOTAL	CAUSE FACTOR		101VI
ATTENDED TO THE PERSON OF THE	•			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-
FRUIDCIIUN-TESION-FRESIONEL FOORZINADEQUATE DESIGN			1	_		****
HISCELLANEOUS-FERSONNEL FILOT OF DINER AIRCRAFT			•	4 64		٠ .
FASSENGER	•		•			- 1
IMINER OF VEHICLE				ru.		n)
FIGHT ENGINEER						
DISFATCHING (AIR CARRIER ONLY)						
SUBTOTAL	C	₹.	4	15	ধ	19
** AIRFRAME **						
WINGS FUSELAGE FAMBING GFAR						
HAIN GEAR-SHOCK ARSORRING ASSY, SIRUIS, AITACHHENIS, ET NORMAL RETRACTION/EXTENSION ASSEMILY FHERGENCY/EXTENSION ASSEMILY				FO		
FLIGHT CONTROL SURFACES ELEVATOR, ASSERBLY ATTACHMENTS						1
SUBTOTAL				\$		\$
** POWERFLANT **						
ENGINE STRUCTURE						
SCALLION SYSTEM						
FILTERS, STRAINERS, SCREENS				-		1
LURKICALING SYSTEM				1		-
COOLING SYSTEM FROPELLER AND ACCESSORIES						
EXHAUST SYSTEM						
FNGINE CONTROLS						
FOUEEFLANT INSTRUBERS					-	-
MISCELLANEOUS					ı	

FUNERPLANT (CONTINUED)

	FAIAL ACCIDENTS	ALL ACCIDENTS
HETATLED CAUSE/FACTOR	CAUSE FAITTON TOTAL	CAUSE FACTOR TOTAL
R ASSEMBLY SEMBLY SEMBLY SERBLY NE ASSEMBLY VE ASSEMBLY		
SAFETY SYSTEM JGNITION SYSTEM JOROUEHETER ATR BLEET EXHAUST SYSTEM THRUST REVERSIR FROFELLER SYSTEM CONSTANT SPEEL DRIVE		
FROFELLER EVER FROFESE THRUST (FVER ENGINE INDICATING COULTRINI ENGINE INSTALLATION		
SURTOTAL		2
特集 O元DIESTO ##		
FIECTRICAL SYSTEM HYDRAULIC SYSTEM RESERVOIR, LINES, FITTINGS FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS ANTI-ICING, DE-ICING SYSTEMS ANTO-FILING, DE-ICING AND FRESSURIZATION AUTO FILIT FIRE WARNING SYSTEM FIRE EXTINGUISHER SYSTEM OXYGEN SYSTEM		
** INSTRUMENTSZEDUTPHENT ANN ACCESSORIES **		
FLIGHT AND HAVIGATION TRETKOMENTS CONHUNICATIONS AND HAVIGATION FOURTH NI DME		
MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT		
SUBTOTAL	-	~

	I A TAL ACCIDENIS	ENIS	ALL	ACCLUENTS	
DETAILED CAUSE/FACTOR	CAUSI FACTOR	TOTAL	CAUSE	ACTUR TOT	IVI
C	/1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 :	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		• • •
_			•• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-
## AIRPORTS/AIRWAYS/FACILITIES ## AIRPORT FACILITIES AIRPORT COMDITIONS SNOW ON RUNWAY FOORLY MATHITINED RUNWAY SUKFACE ICE/SLUSH ON RAHF/TAXIWAY				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	# - #
SUBTOTAL	: :	****	. 1	ю	ব
** WEATHER ** LOW CEILING KAIN FOG	4 - 4	হ ল ব		9 1	\$ \
SNOW ICING COMPITIONS-INCLUDES SLEET, FREEZING RAIN, ETC. UNSAVORABLE WIND CONDITIONS TURBULENCE ASSOCIATED WITH CLOUDS AND/OK THUNDERSTURNS DOWNDRAFIS, UPDRAFIS ADVERSE WINDS ALOFT	राम च म	िर्देशका का का		. पंचा १४ न न न	the see the see that
SUBTOTAL	14	*		7	4
AA TERRAIN AA Show-covered Rough/Uneven				e v	e)
SURTOTAL ** MISCELLANEOUS **	y			ro cr	to.
FRG. JET/ROTOR BLAST Undeterhined	₹₹	τ. 	مس در		 ≎-
SUBIGIAL	τ.		m î		~
GRAUF TOTAL	114 118	· =		9,	£

CAUSE/FACTOR TABLE - SCHEDULED 14 CFR 135 ACCIDENTS - 1981

	FAIAL AC	ACCIDENTS	ALL ACCIDENTS
DETAILED CAUSE/FACTOR	CAUSE FACTOR	OR TOTAL	CAUSE FACTOR TOTAL
** HISCELLANEOUS ACTS, CONDITIONS **			
INSTRUMENTS-MISREAD OR FAILED TO KEAD	-	4	
IMPROPERLY SECURED FAIJOUE FRACTURE	-	₩.	Es m
FUEL GRADE-IMPROFER			e fra 1
FAILURE OF TWO OR HORE ENGINES			~ ~
CURRODED/CORROSION FUEL EXHAUSTION			
ICE-IN FUEL			
. 1			 →
OIL EXHAUSTION-ENGINE LUBRICATION SYSTEM AIRCRAFT CAME TO REST IN WATER			
MISSING OVERLOAD FAILURE			
MATERIAL FAILURE			2 E4 -
OVER TOROUGD			
			-
INTENTIONAL WHEELS UF RAN OFF END OF KUNNAY			E and

DIRECT ENTRY CAUSES ARE CARRIED UNDER THEIR AFFROFRIATE CAUSAL CATEGORIES AND ARE INCLUDED IN THE TOTALS

APPENDIX D

CAUSE/FACTOR TABLE
NONSCHEDULED 14 CFA 135 ACCIDENTS

CAUSE/FACTOR TABLE - MONSCHW DUMEN 14 CFR 135 ACCIDENTS - 1981

(EXCLUDES ACCIDENTS WITHOUT CAUSAL ASSIGNMENT)

ACCIPENTS ACCIPENTS

	FAIM ACCIPENTS	
ETAILEB CAUSE/FACTOR	CAUSE FACTOR TOTAL	CAUSE FACTOR TOTAL
* PILOT **		
LOT IN CONHAND ATTEMPTED OPERATION W/KNOWN DEFICIENCIES IN EQUIPMENT ATTEMPTED OPERATION BEYOND EXPERIENCE/ABILITY LEVEL		ਲ (3
BECAME LOST/DISORIENTED CONTINUED VFR FLIGHT INTO ADVERSE WEATHER CONDITIONS DELAYED ACTION IN ABORTING TAKEOFF	₹	10 1 11
DELAYED IN INITIATING GO-AROUND DIVERTED ATTENTION FROM OFERATION OF AIRCRAFT FAILED TO EXTEND LANDING GEAR		? ₹ wi v
FAILED TO RETRACT LANDING GEAR INAQUERTENTLY RETRACTED GEAR		् स्य र
FAILED TO SEE AND AVOID UIMEN AINCNATI FAILED TO SEE AND AVOID ORJECTS OR ORSTRUCTIONS FAILED TO OBTAIN/MAINTAIN FLYIND SPEED	, c4	. E. ◆ CE ·
ARANCE MISC EQUIFMENT	3 1 2	en en e
PROVED PROCEDURES, DIRECT OF POWERFLA	♥ → CV →	10 2 12 2 12 4
IMPROPER OPERATION OF BRAKES AND/OR FLIGHT CONTROLS IMPROPER OPERATION OF FLIGHT CONTROLS		C4 C
PREMATURE LIFT OFF IMPROPER LEVEL OFF	3	N N Œ
	c m	11 2 13
IMPROPER COMPENSATION FOR WINE CONSTITUNS INANGUATE PREFLIGHT PREPARATION AND/OR FLANKING *AC OF FAMILIABILY WITH AIRFRAFT	1	14 2 16
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CAUSEZFÄCTOR TARLE - NONSCHEDULER 14 CFR 135 ACCIDENTS - 1981

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OTHER AJRPORT CONFILIONS						•				-		-	

CAUSE/FACTOR TABLE - NONSCHEDULED 14 CFR 135 ACCIDENTS - 1981

AIRPORTS/AIRWAYS/FACILITIES (CONTINUED)

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CAUSL / FACTOR TABLE - NONSCHERULER 14 CFR 135 ACCIDENTS - 1981

ALL ACCIDENTS		CAUSE FACTOR TOTAL	/ /
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DETAILED CAUSE/FACTOR

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